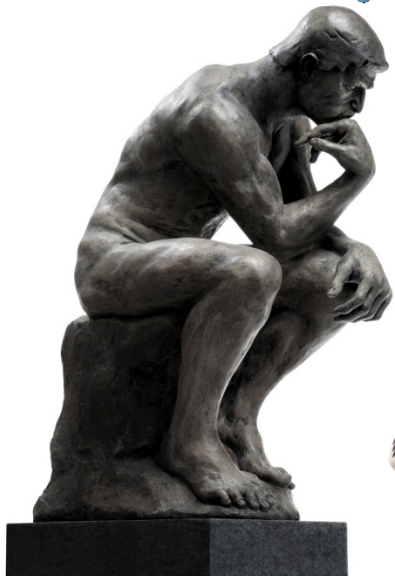


Probabilistic
Graphical
Models



Representation

Local Structure

Overview

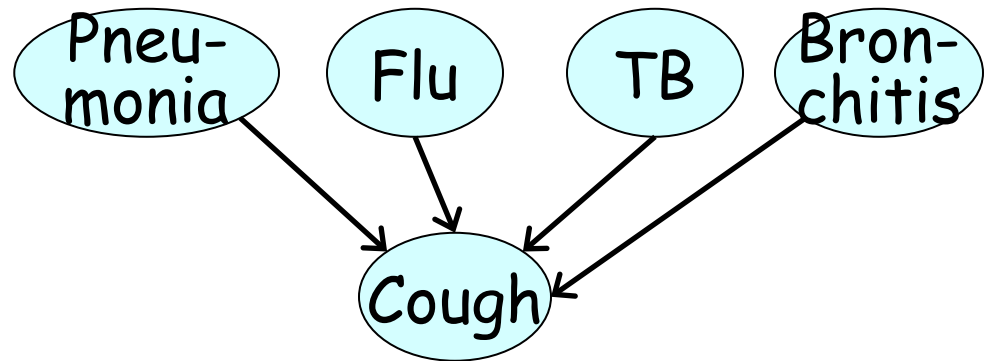
Tabular Representations

\mathcal{G}

	g^1	g^2	g^3
i^0, d^0	0.3	0.4	0.3
i^0, d^1	0.05	0.25	0.7
i^1, d^0	0.9	0.08	0.02
i^1, d^1	0.5	0.3	0.2

\downarrow
 \downarrow
 \downarrow
 \downarrow

k parents
 $\mathcal{O}(2^k)$ entries



General CPD

- CPD $P(X | Y_1, \dots, Y_k)$ specifies distribution over X for each assignment y_1, \dots, y_k
- Can use any function to specify a factor $\phi(X, Y_1, \dots, Y_k)$ such that

$$\underline{\underline{\sum_x}} \phi(x, y_1, \dots, y_k) = 1 \text{ for all } y_1, \dots, y_k$$

Many Models

- Deterministic CPDs
- Tree-structured CPDs
- Logistic CPDs & generalizations
- Noisy OR / AND
- Linear Gaussians & generalizations

Context-Specific Independence

$$P \models (\underline{X} \perp_c \underline{Y} \mid \underline{Z}, \underline{c})$$

assignment to \mathcal{C}

$$P(X, Y \mid \mathbf{Z}, \mathbf{c}) = P(X \mid \mathbf{Z}, \mathbf{c})P(y \mid \mathbf{Z}, \mathbf{c})$$
$$P(X \mid Y, \mathbf{Z}, \mathbf{c}) = P(X \mid \mathbf{Z}, \mathbf{c})$$
$$P(Y \mid X, \mathbf{Z}, \mathbf{c}) = P(Y \mid \mathbf{Z}, \mathbf{c})$$