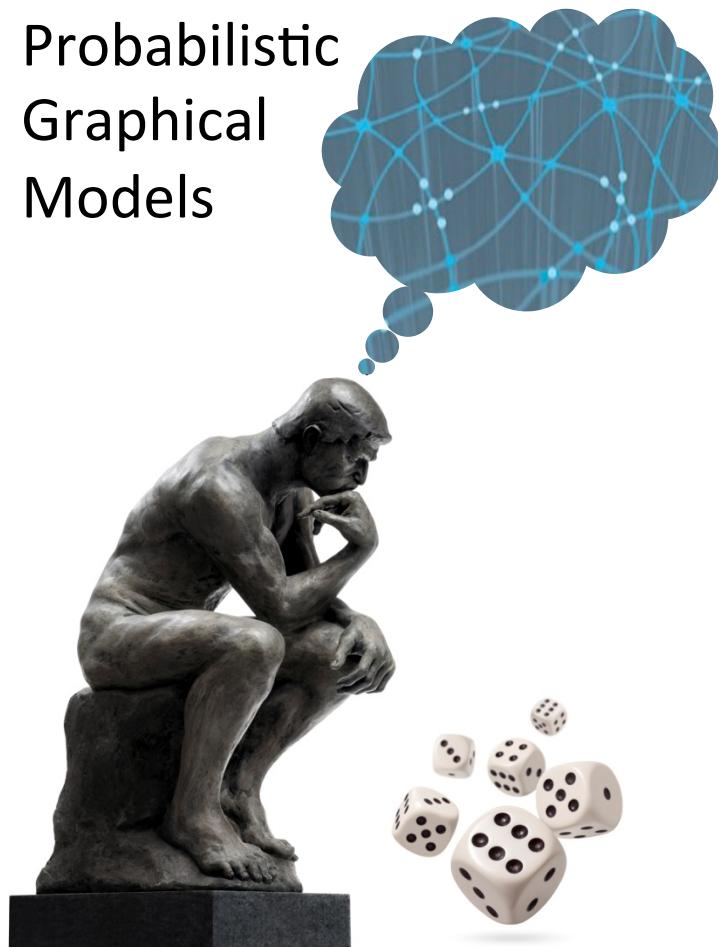


Probabilistic
Graphical
Models

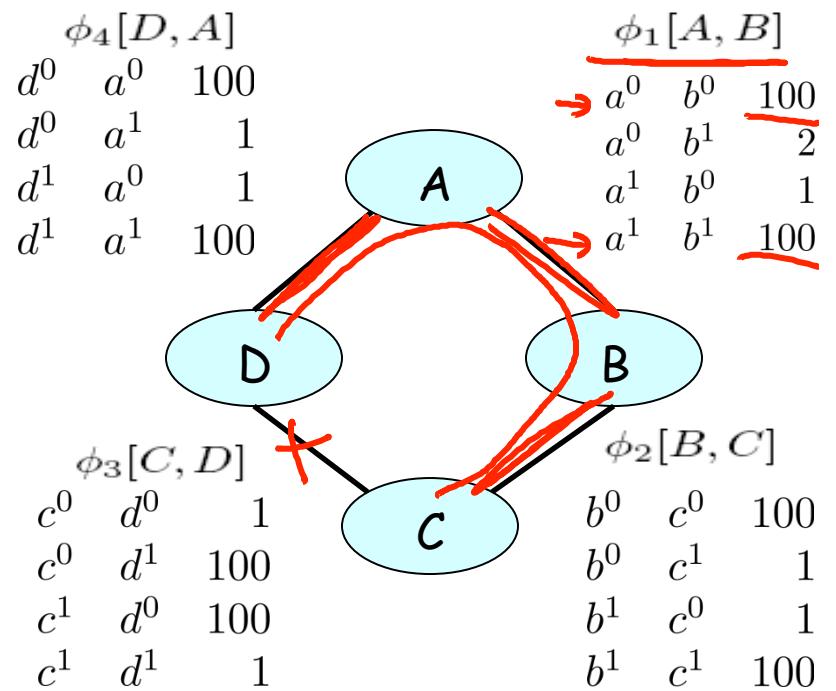
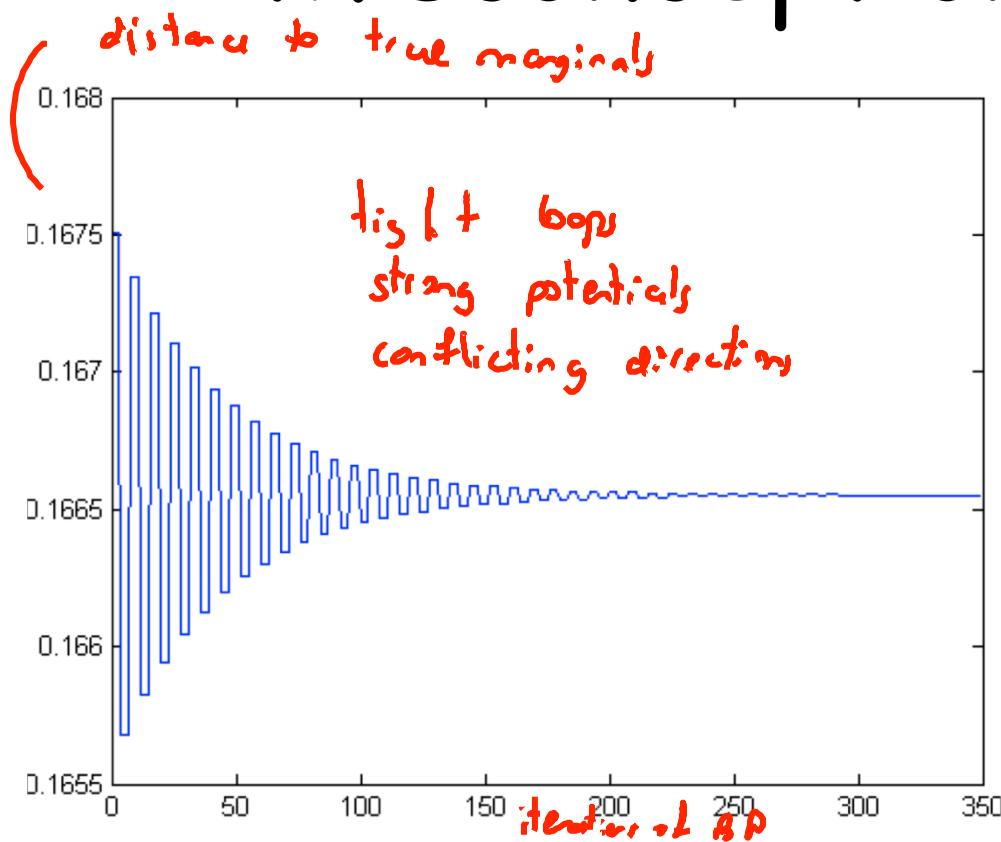


Inference

Message Passing

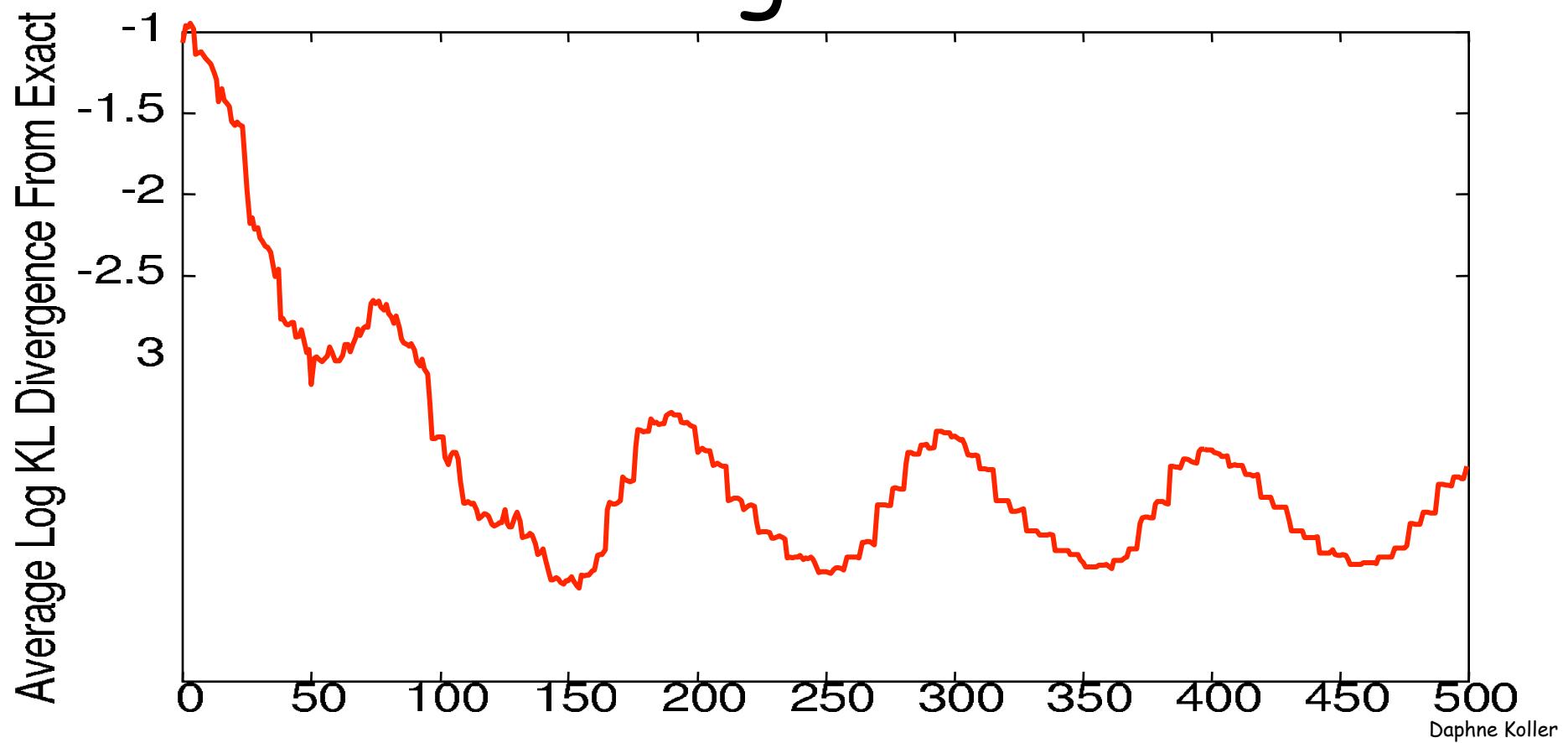
BP In Practice

Misconception Revisited



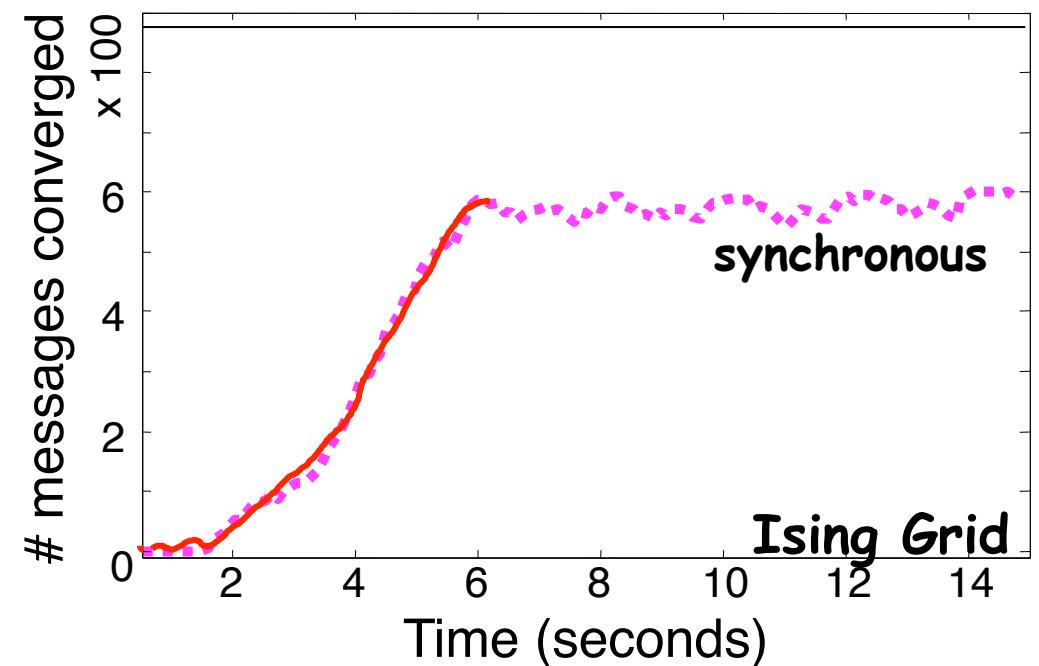
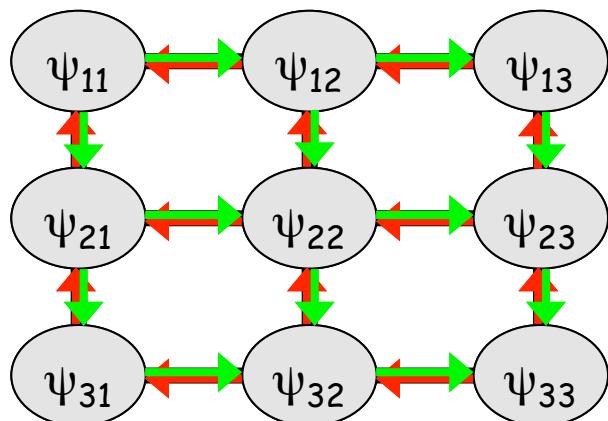
Daphne Koller

Nonconvergent BP Run



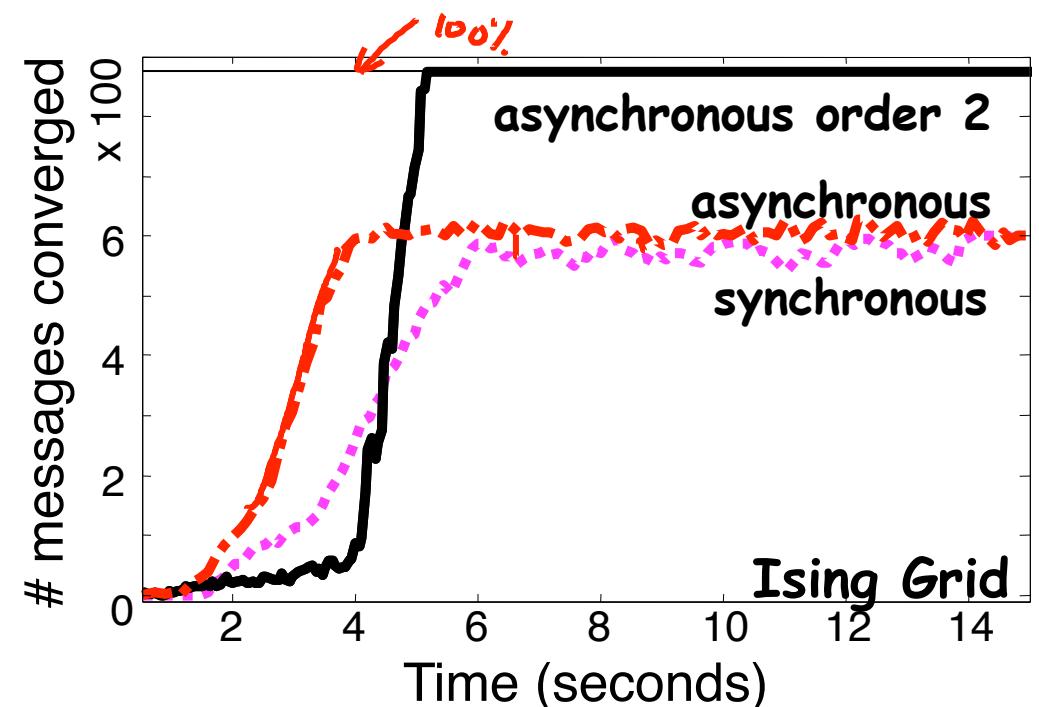
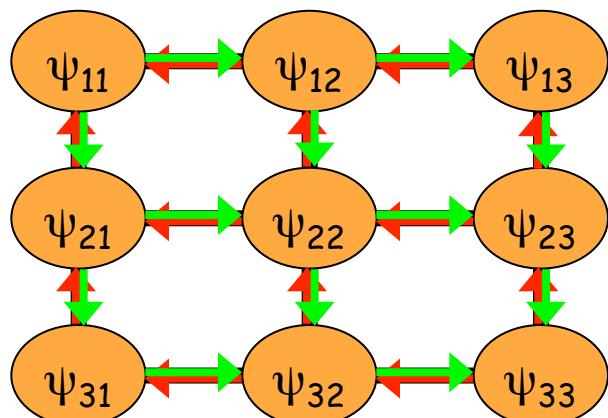
Different Variants of BP

Synchronous BP:
all messages are
updated in parallel



Different Variants of BP

Asynchronous BP:
Messages are updated
one at a time

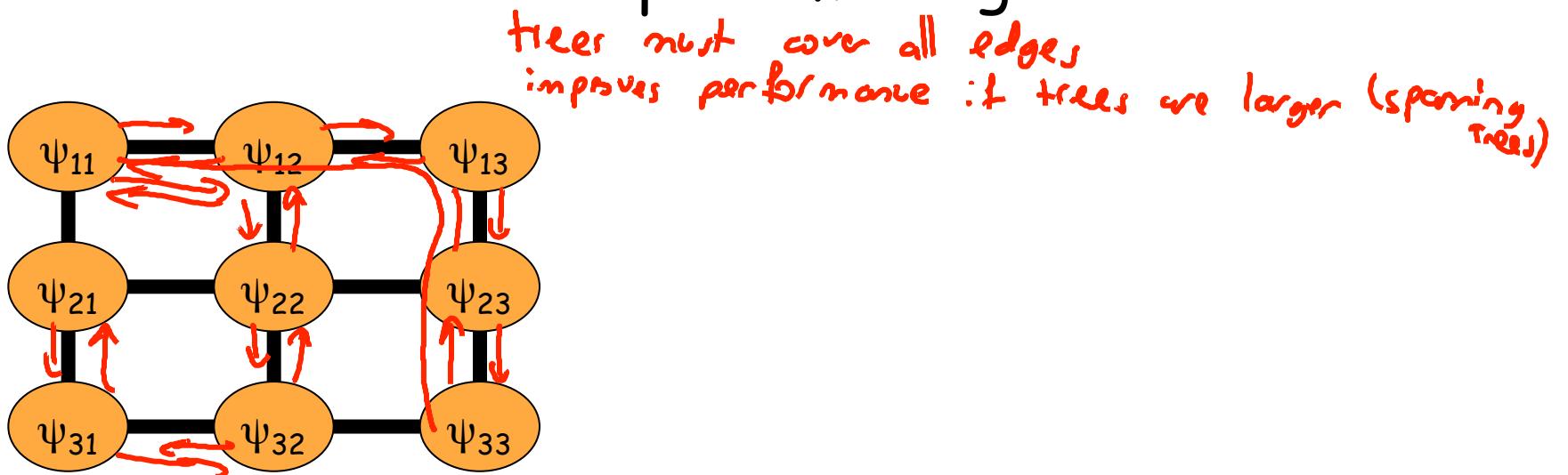


Observations

- Convergence is a local property:
 - some messages converge soon
 - others may never converge
- Synchronous BP converges considerably worse than asynchronous
- Message passing order makes a difference to extent and rate of convergence

Informed Message Scheduling

- Tree reparameterization (TRP)
 - Pick a tree and pass messages to calibrate



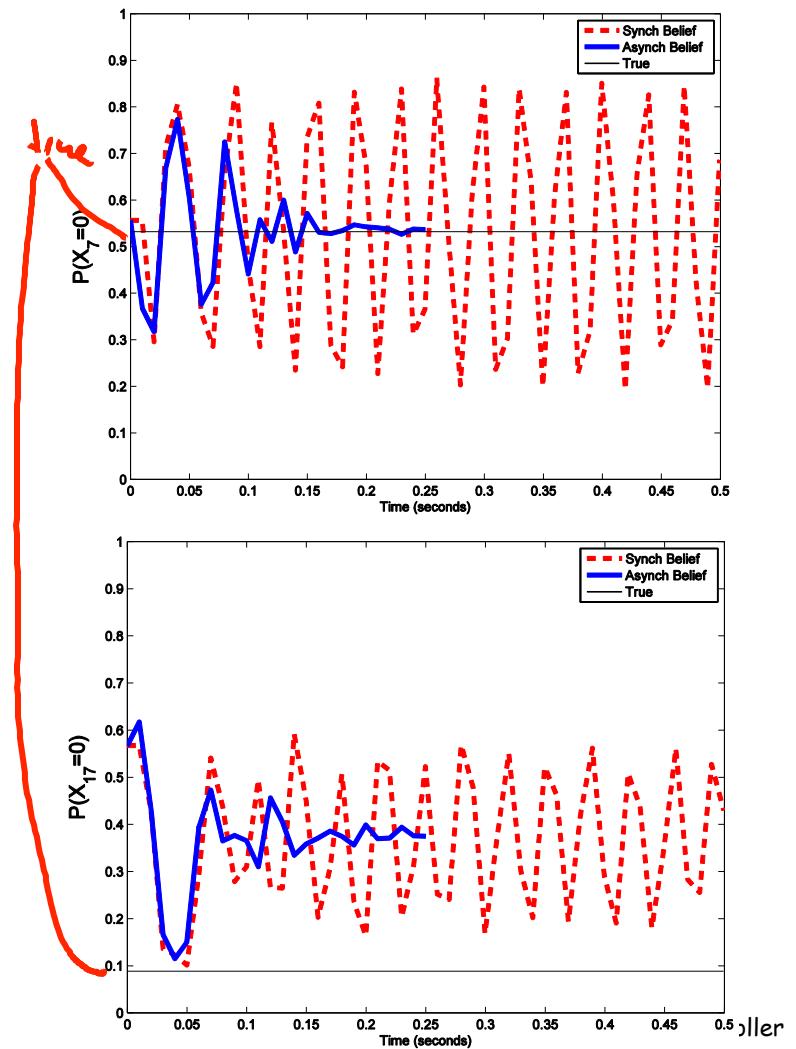
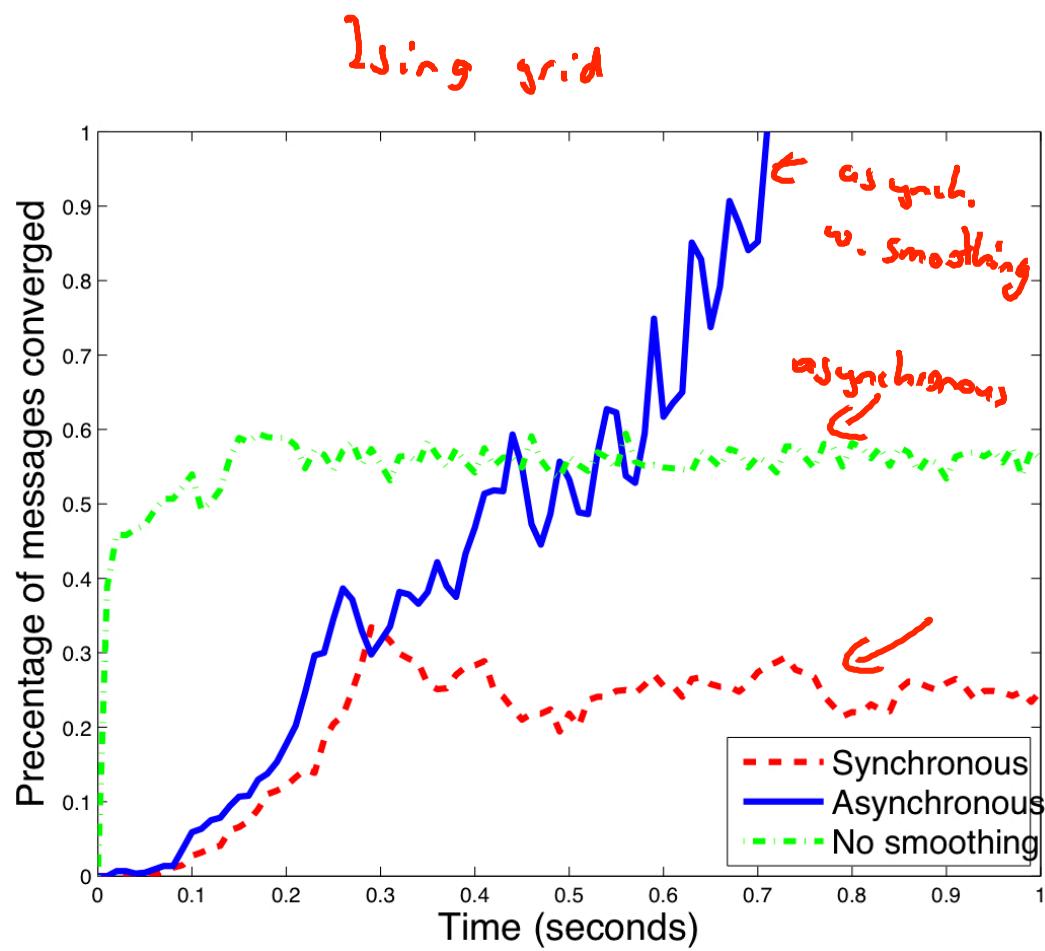
Informed Message Scheduling

- Tree reparameterization (TRP)
 - Pick a tree and pass messages to calibrate
- Residual belief propagation (RBP)
 - Pass messages between two clusters whose beliefs over the sepset disagree the most
priorly in w of edges

Smoothing (Damping) Messages

$$\delta_{i \rightarrow j} \leftarrow \underbrace{\sum_{C_i - S_{i,j}} \psi_i \prod_{k \neq j} \delta_{k \rightarrow i}}_{\text{new msg}}$$
$$\delta_{i \rightarrow j} \leftarrow \underbrace{\lambda \left(\sum_{C_i - S_{i,j}} \psi_i \prod_{k \neq j} \delta_{k \rightarrow i} \right)}_{\text{new msg}} + (1 - \lambda) \underbrace{\delta_{i \rightarrow j}^{\text{old}}}_{\text{old msg}}$$

- Dampens oscillations in messages



Summary

- To achieve BP convergence, two main tricks
 - Damping
 - Intelligent message ordering
- Convergence doesn't guarantee correctness
- Bad cases for BP – both convergence & accuracy:
 - Strong potentials pulling in different directions
 - Tight loops
- Some new algorithms have better convergence:
 - Optimization-based view to inference