

Advanced YAML settings

COMMUNICATING WITH DATA IN THE TIDYVERSE



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YAML

```
---  
receipt:      Oz-Ware Purchase Invoice  
date:        2012-08-06  
customer:  
  first_name: Dorothy  
  family_name: Gale  
---
```

¹ Taken from Wikipedia (<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/YAML#Example>)

YAML headers in RMarkdown documents

```
---  
title: "The reduction in weekly working hours in Europe"  
subtitle: "Looking at the development between 1996 and 2006"  
author: "Timo Grossenbacher"  
output:  
  html_document:  
    theme: paper  
    highlight: tango
```

```
  pdf_document:
```

```
    ...
```

```
---
```

Many more configuration options in this [RMarkdown reference](#)!

Let's customize your report!

COMMUNICATING WITH DATA IN THE TIDYVERSE

Custom stylesheets

COMMUNICATING WITH DATA IN THE TIDYVERSE



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Cascading Style Sheets (CSS): Basic selectors

```
<h2>Summary</h2>
```

```
<p>The <strong>International  
Labour Organization (ILO)</strong>
```

```
has many
```

```
<a href="http://test.htm">data sets
```

```
</a> on working conditions.
```

```
h2 {  
  font-family: "Bookman", serif;  
}
```

```
body, h1, h2 {  
  font-family: "Bookman", serif;  
}  
strong {  
  color: "red";  
}  
a {  
  color: #0000FF;  
  font-weight: bold;  
}
```

Cascading Style Sheets (CSS): Class selectors

```
<h2>Strong elements</h2>
```

Here are two `<strong class = "red">
bold
elements`.

```
strong {  
  color: "blue";  
}  
strong.red {  
  color: "red";  
}
```

Cascading Style Sheets (CSS): Combinators

```
<div>

  <p>
    This is a
    <strong>bold element</strong>
    inside a paragraph
  </p>

  This is another
  <strong>bold element</strong>
  outside a paragraph.

</div>
```

```
div strong {
  color: "green";
}

div > strong {
  color: "red";
}
```

Find many more selectors and a full CSS reference on the [Mozilla Developer Network](#).

Let's practice!

COMMUNICATING WITH DATA IN THE TIDYVERSE

Beautiful tables

COMMUNICATING WITH DATA IN THE TIDYVERSE



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```
# Some summary statistics
ilo_data %>%
  group_by(year) %>%
  summarise(mean hourly compensation = mean(hourly_compensation),
            mean working hours = mean(working_hours))
```

```
## # A tibble: 27 x 3
##   year mean_hourly_compensation mean_working_hours
##   <fctr>          <dbl>          <dbl>
## 1  1980          9.267500          33.98103
## 2  1981          8.692500          33.61923
## 3  1982          8.355000          33.47409
## 4  1983          7.809091          33.86589
## 5  1984          7.543636          33.71051
## 6  1985          7.786364          33.73358
## 7  1986          9.700000          33.97494
## 8  1987         12.146923          33.58138
## 9  1988         13.199231          33.66441
## 10 1989         13.136154          33.53312
## # ... with 17 more rows
```

As can be seen from the above table, the average weekly working hours of European countries have been decreasing since 1980.

```
# Some summary statistics
ilo_data %>%
  group_by(year) %>%
  summarize(mean hourly compensation = mean(h
ourly_compensation),
           mean working hours = mean(working
_hours))
```

```
## # A tibble: 27 x 3
##   year mean_hourly_compensation mean_wo
rking_hours
##   <fctr>                <dbl>
<dbl>
## 1 1980                9.267500
33.98103
## 2 1981                8.692500
33.61923
## 3 1982                8.355000
33.47409
## 4 1983                7.809091
33.86589
## 5 1984                7.543636
33.71051
## 6 1985                7.786364
33.73358
## 7 1986                9.700000
33.97494
## 8 1987               12.146923
33.58138
## 9 1988               13.199231
33.66441
## 10 1989              13.136154
33.53312
## # ... with 17 more rows
```

YAML header to the rescue!

```
---  
title: "The reduction in weekly working hours in Europe"  
subtitle: "Looking at the development between 1996 and 2006"  
author: "Timo Grossenbacher"  
output:  
  html_document:  
    theme: cosmo  
    highlight: monochrome  
    toc: true  
    toc_float: false  
    toc_depth: 4  
    code_folding: hide  
    css: styles.css  
    df_print: kable  
---
```

The second option

```
# Some summary statistics
ilo_data %>%
  filter(country == "Switzerland" & year > 2000) %>%
  knitr::kable()
```

country	year	hourly_compensation	working_hours
Switzerland	1980	10.960000	34.70385
Switzerland	1981	10.010000	34.33462
Switzerland	1982	10.310000	34.12308
Switzerland	1983	10.330000	33.84231
Switzerland	1984	9.520001	33.47885

Styling tables

```
<table>  
  <thead>  
    ...  
  </thead>  
  <tbody>  
    ...  
  </tbody>  
</table>
```

Styling tables

```
<table>
  <thead>
    <tr>
      ...
    </tr>
  </thead>
  <tbody>
    <tr>
      ...
    </tr>
    <tr>
      ...
    </tr>
  </tbody>
</table>
```


Styling tables

```
<table>
  <thead>
    <tr>
      <th>Column 1</th><th>Column 2</th>
    </tr>
  </thead>
  <tbody>
    <tr>
      <td>Cell 1</td><td>Cell 2</td>
    </tr>
    <tr>
      ...
    </tr>
  </tbody>
</table>
```

Let's practice!

COMMUNICATING WITH DATA IN THE TIDYVERSE

Summary

COMMUNICATING WITH DATA IN THE TIDYVERSE



Timo Grossenbacher
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The reduction in weekly working hours in Europe

Code ▾

Looking at the development between 1996 and 2006

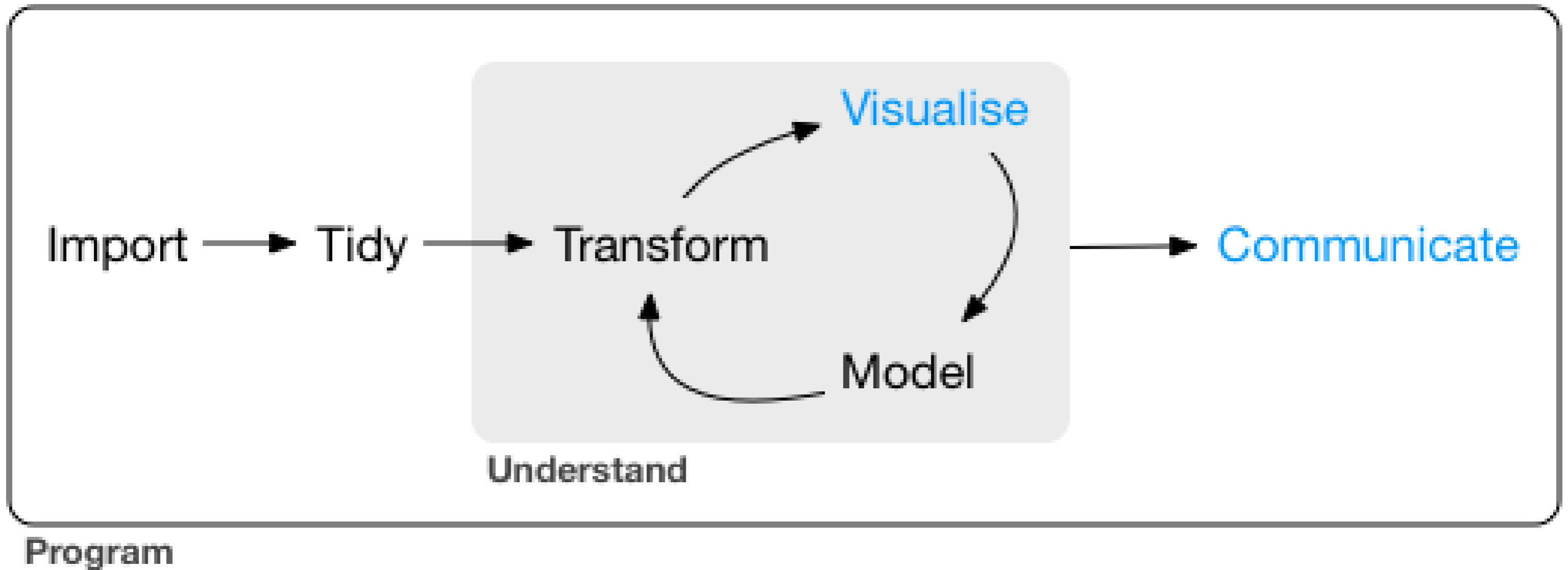
Timo Grossenbacher

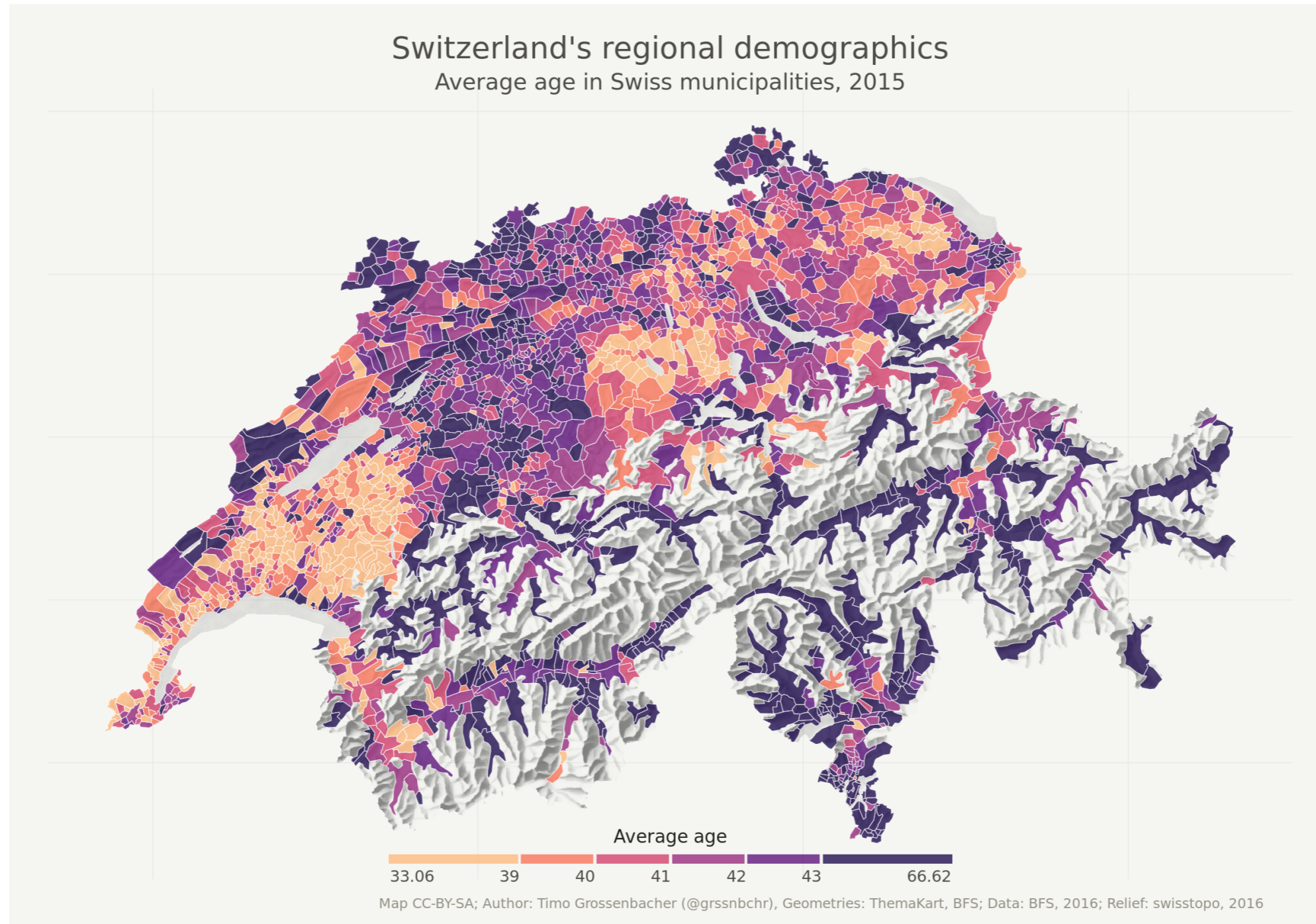
- Summary
- Preparations
- Analysis
 - Data
 - Preprocessing
 - Results
 - An interesting correlation

Summary

The International Labour Organization (ILO) has found that the reduction in weekly working hours in Europe between 1996 and 2006 is not due to a decrease in the number of hours worked per week, but to a decrease in the number of weeks worked per year.

The last step in the Tidyverse process





¹ timogrossenbacher.ch (<https://timogrossenbacher.ch/2016/12/beautiful-thematic-maps-with-ggplot2-only/>)



¹ Henrik Lindberg (<https://gist.github.com/halhen/659780120accd82e043986c8b57deae0>)

Next steps

- Track: [Data Visualization with R](#)
- Course: [Reporting with R Markdown](#)
- Course: [Building Web Applications with Shiny in R](#)

Congratulations!

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