

Performing and tracking imputation

DEALING WITH MISSING DATA IN R



Nicholas Tierney
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Lesson overview

Using imputations to understand data structure

Visualizing + exploring imputed values

- Imputing data to explore missingness
- Track missing values
- Visualize imputed values against data

Using imputations to understand data structure



```
impute_below(c(5, 6, 7, NA, 9, 10))
```

```
5.00000 6.00000 7.00000 4.40271 9.00000 10.00000
```

impute_below

- `impute_below_if()` :

```
impute_below_if(data, is.numeric)
```

- `impute_below_at()` :

```
impute_below_at(data, vars(var1, var2))
```

- `impute_below_all()` :

```
impute_below_all(data)
```

Tracking missing values

```
df
```

```
# A tibble: 6 x 1
  var1
  <dbl>
1     5
2     6
3     7
4    NA
5     9
6    10
```

```
impute_below_all(df)
```

```
# A tibble: 6 x 1
  var1
  <dbl>
1     5
2     6
3     7
4  4.40
5     9
6    10
```

Tracking missing values

```
bind_shadow(df)
```

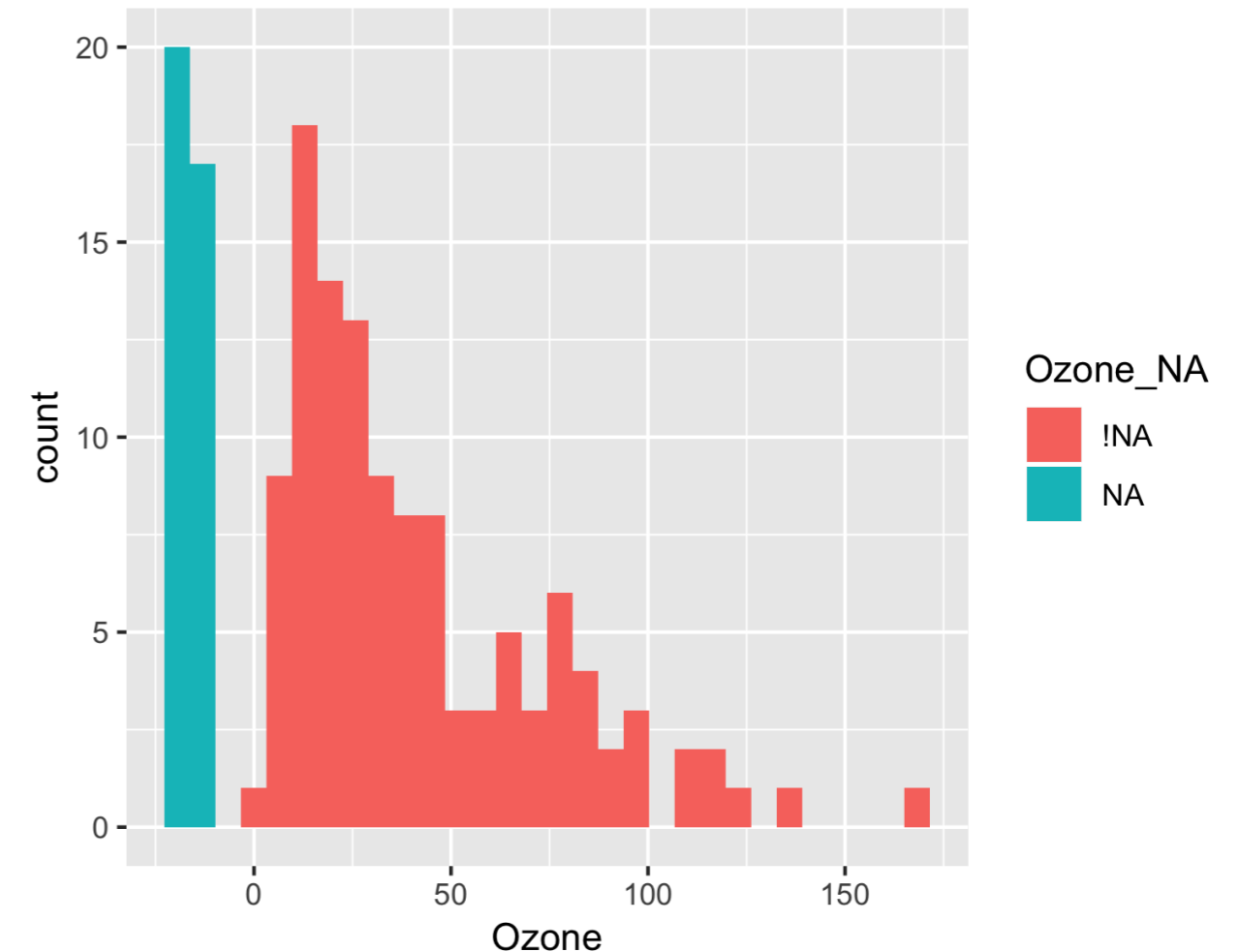
```
# A tibble: 6 x 2
  var1 var1_NA
<dbl> <fct>
1 5 !NA
2 6 !NA
3 7 !NA
4 NA NA
5 9 !NA
6 10 !NA
```

```
bind_shadow(df) %>% impute_below_all()
```

```
# A tibble: 6 x 2
  var1 var1_NA
<dbl> <fct>
1 5 !NA
2 6 !NA
3 7 !NA
4 4.40 NA
5 9 !NA
6 10 !NA
```

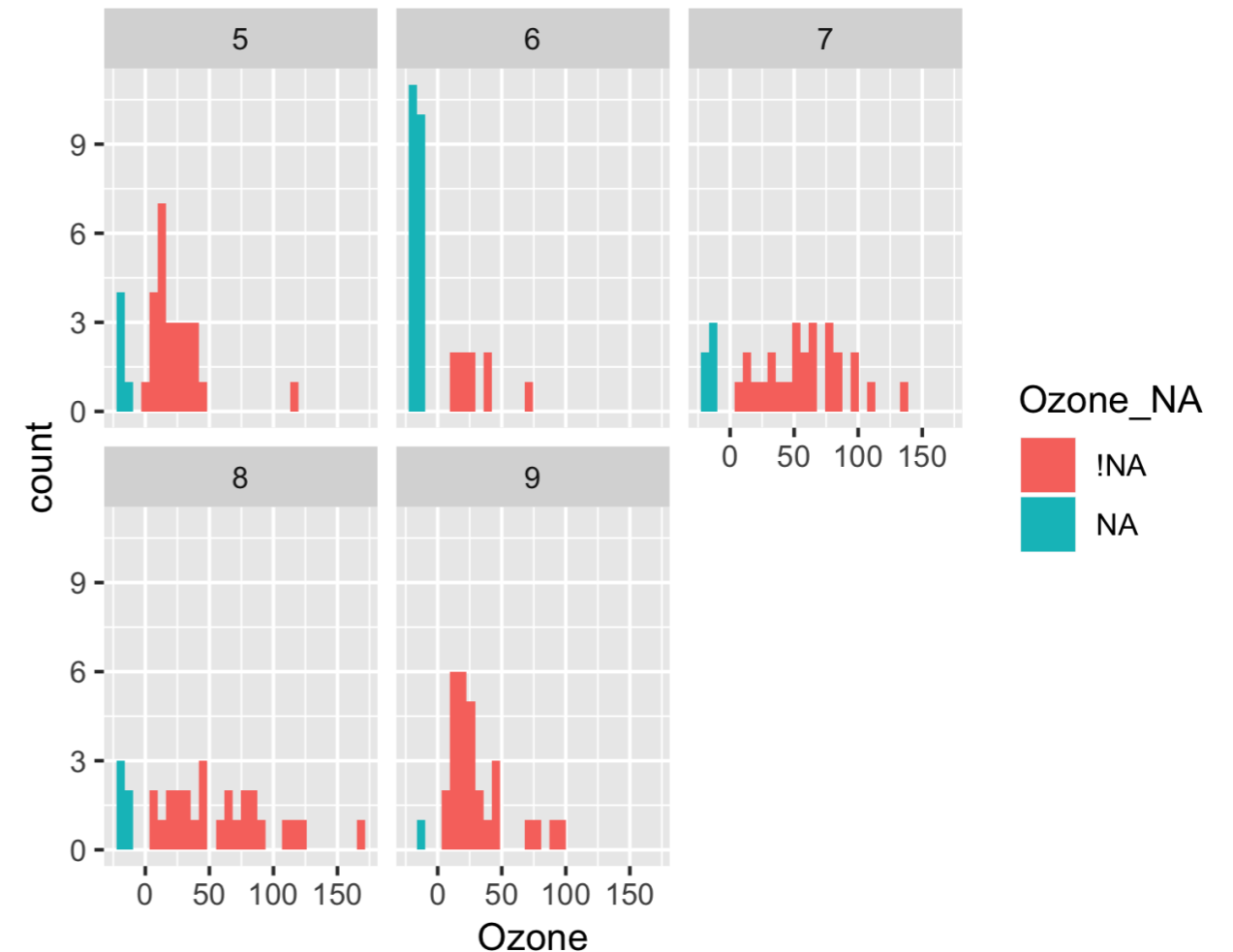
Visualize imputed values against data values using histograms

```
aq_imp <- airquality %>%  
  bind_shadow() %>%  
  impute_below_all()  
  
ggplot(aq_imp,  
  aes(x = Ozone,  
      fill = Ozone_NA)) +  
  geom_histogram()
```



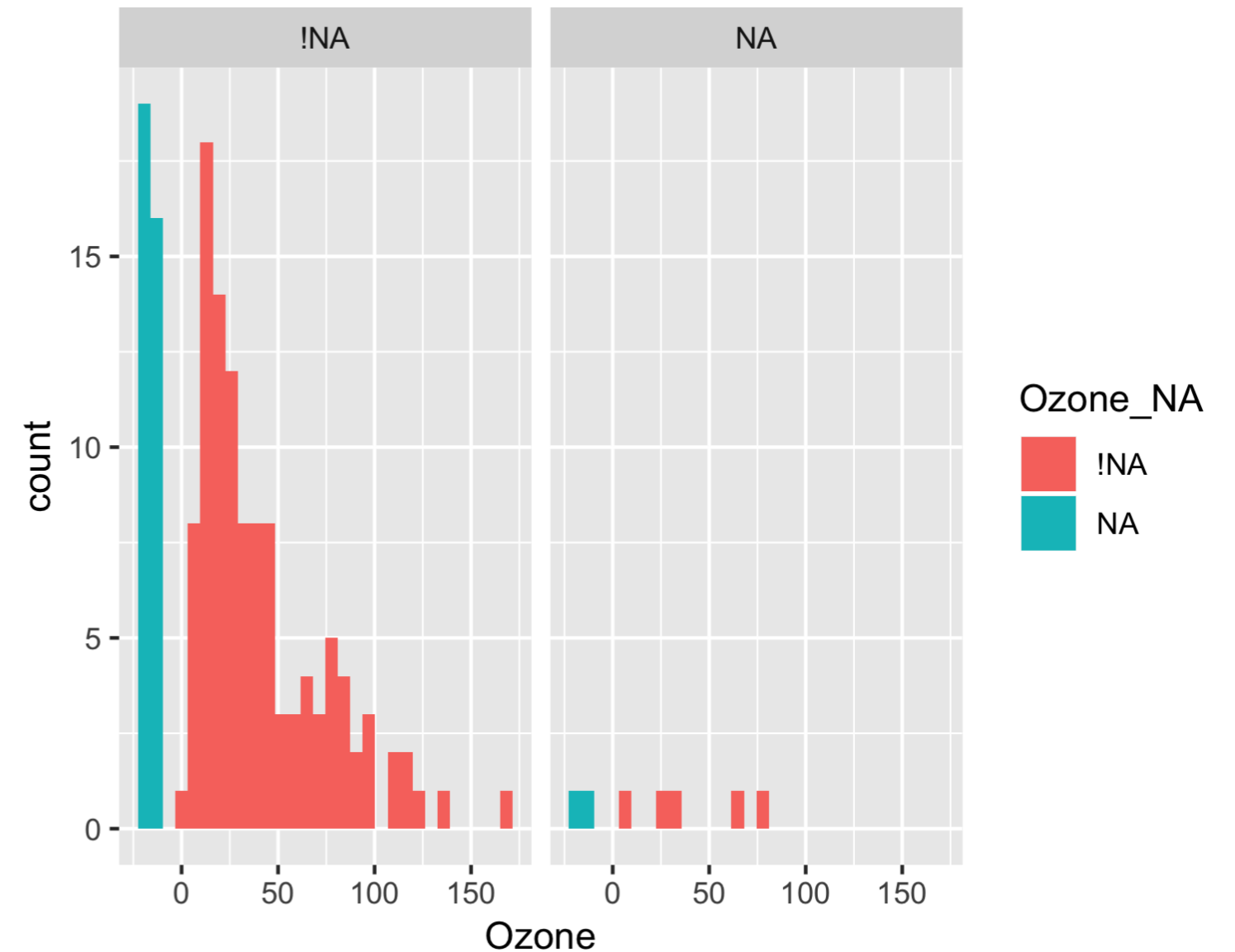
Visualize imputed values against data values using facets

```
ggplot(aq_imp,  
       aes(x = Ozone,  
           fill = Ozone_NA)) +  
  geom_histogram() +  
  facet_wrap(~ Month)
```



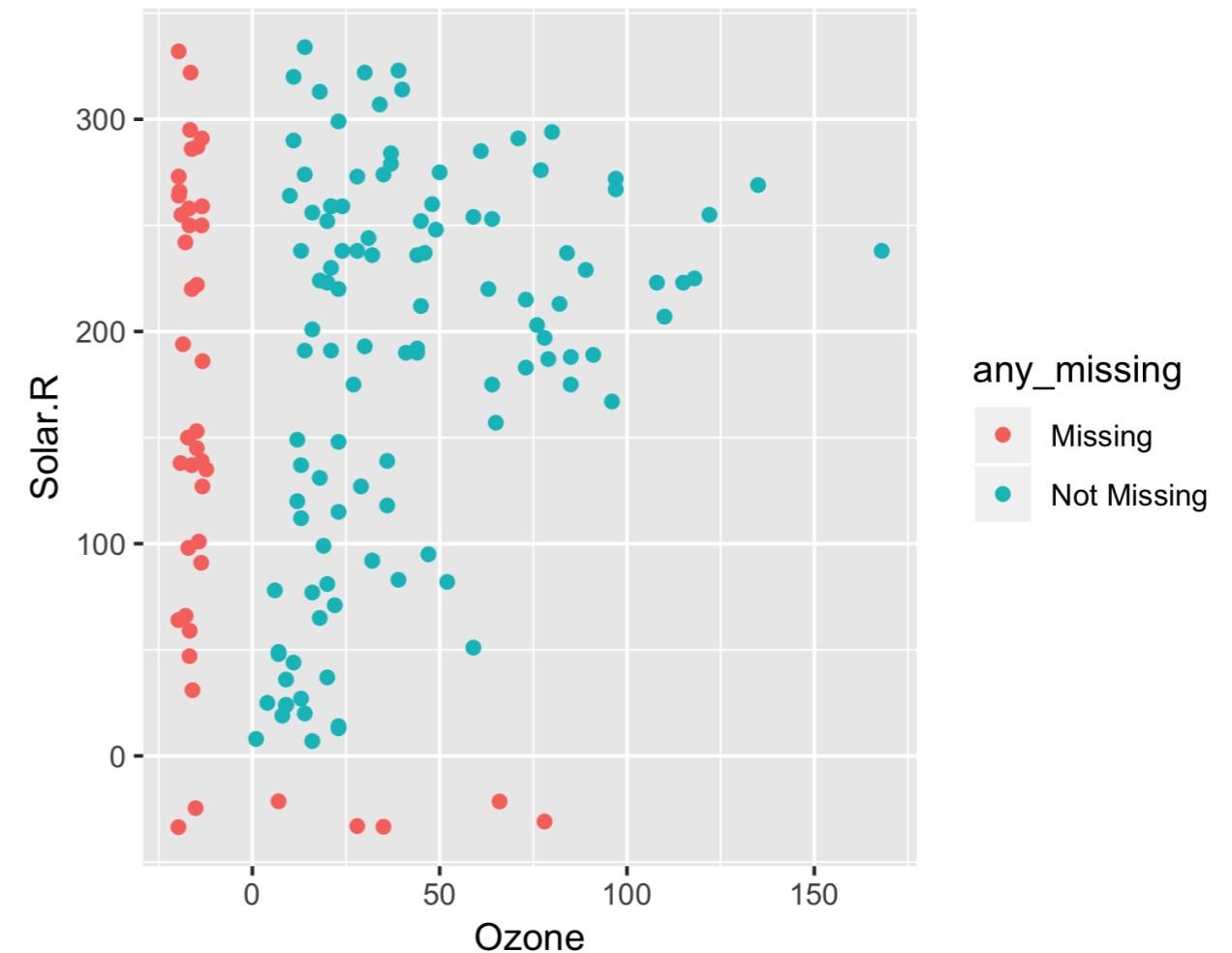
Visualize imputed values using facets

```
ggplot(aq_imp,  
       aes(x = Ozone,  
           fill = Ozone_NA)) +  
  geom_histogram() +  
  facet_wrap(~ Solar.R_NA)
```



Visualize imputed values against data values using scatter plots

```
aq_imp <- airquality %>%  
  bind_shadow() %>%  
  add_label_shadow() %>%  
  impute_below_all()  
  
ggplot(aq_imp,  
  aes(x = Ozone,  
      y = Solar.R,  
      color = any_missing)) +  
  geom_point()
```



Let's practice!

DEALING WITH MISSING DATA IN R

What makes a good imputation

DEALING WITH MISSING DATA IN R



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Lesson overview

- Understand good and bad imputations
- Evaluate missing values:
 - Mean, Scale, Spread
- Using visualizations
 - Box plots
 - Scatter plots
 - Histograms
 - Many variables

Understanding the good by understanding the bad

```
# A tibble: 6 x 1
```

```
      x
  <dbl>
1     1
2     4
3     9
4    16
5    NA
6    36
```

```
mean(df$x, na.rm = TRUE)
```

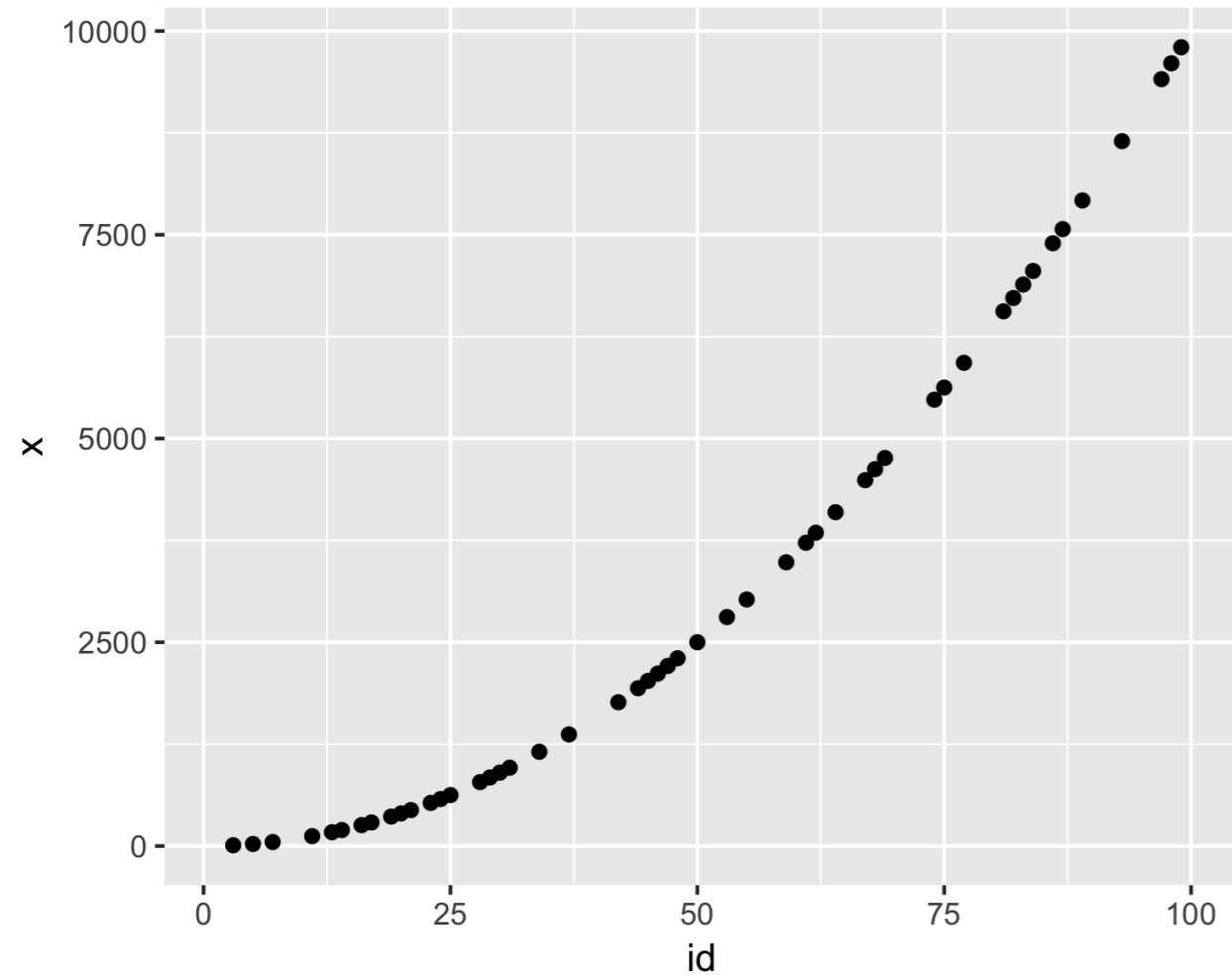
```
# A tibble: 6 x 1
```

```
      x
  <dbl>
1     1
2     4
3     9
4    16
5    13.2
6    36
```

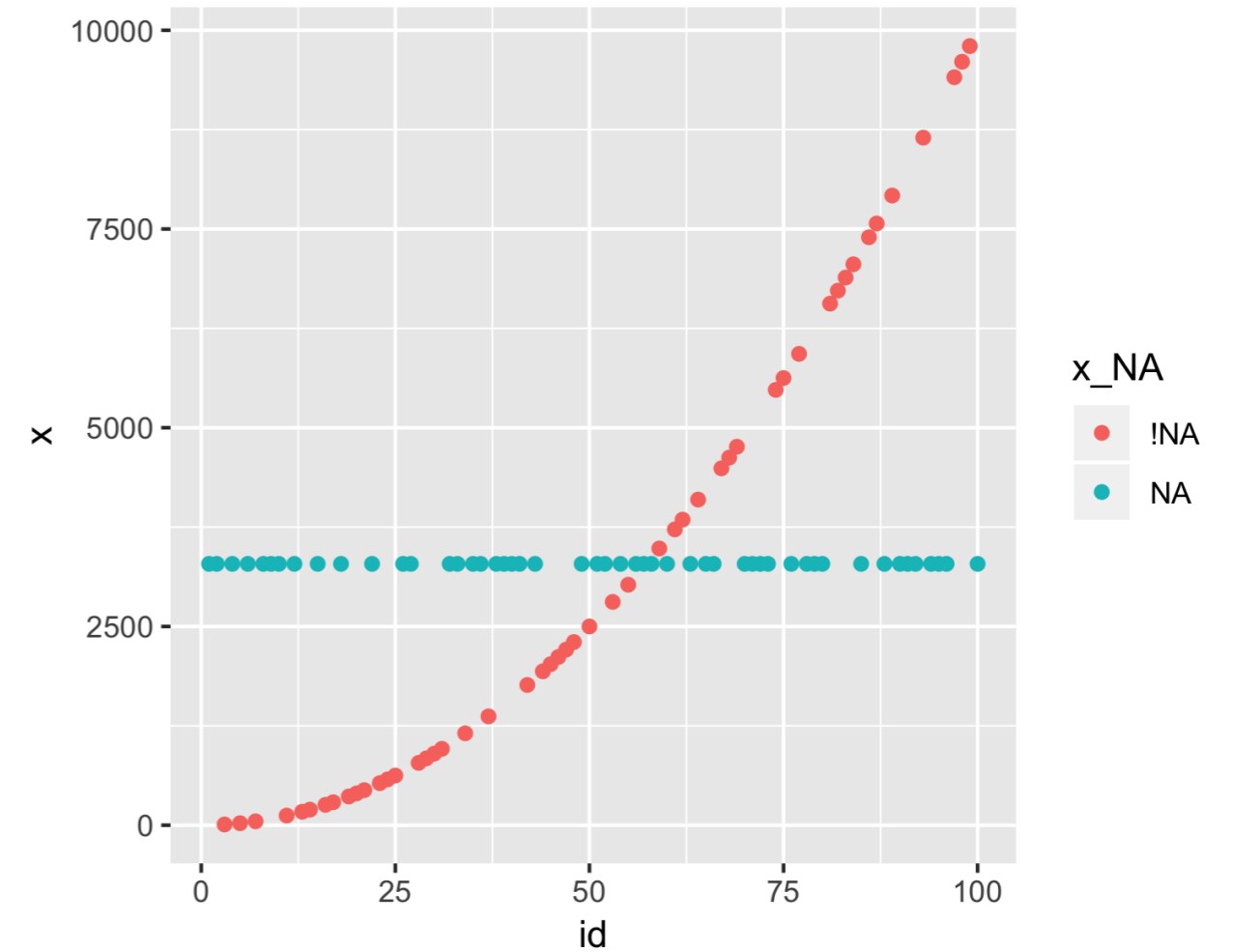
```
13.2
```

Demonstrating mean imputation

Data with missing values



Data with mean imputations



Explore bad imputations: The mean

- `impute_mean(data$variable)`
- `impute_mean_if(data, is.numeric)`
- `impute_mean_at(data, vars(variable1, variable2))`
- `impute_mean_all(data)`

Tracking missing values

```
aq_impute_mean <- airquality %>%  
  bind_shadow(only_miss = TRUE) %>%  
  impute_mean_all() %>%  
  add_label_shadow()  
aq_impute_mean
```

```
# A tibble: 153 x 9  
  Ozone Solar.R Wind Temp Month Day Ozone_NA Solar.R_NA any_missing  
  <dbl>   <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <fct>      <fct>      <chr>  
1  41     190   7.4   67    5    1 !NA        !NA        Not Missing  
2  36     118    8    72    5    2 !NA        !NA        Not Missing  
3  12     149  12.6   74    5    3 !NA        !NA        Not Missing  
4  18     313  11.5   62    5    4 !NA        !NA        Not Missing  
5  42.1   186.  14.3   56    5    5 NA         NA         Missing  
6  28     186.  14.9   66    5    6 !NA        NA         Missing
```

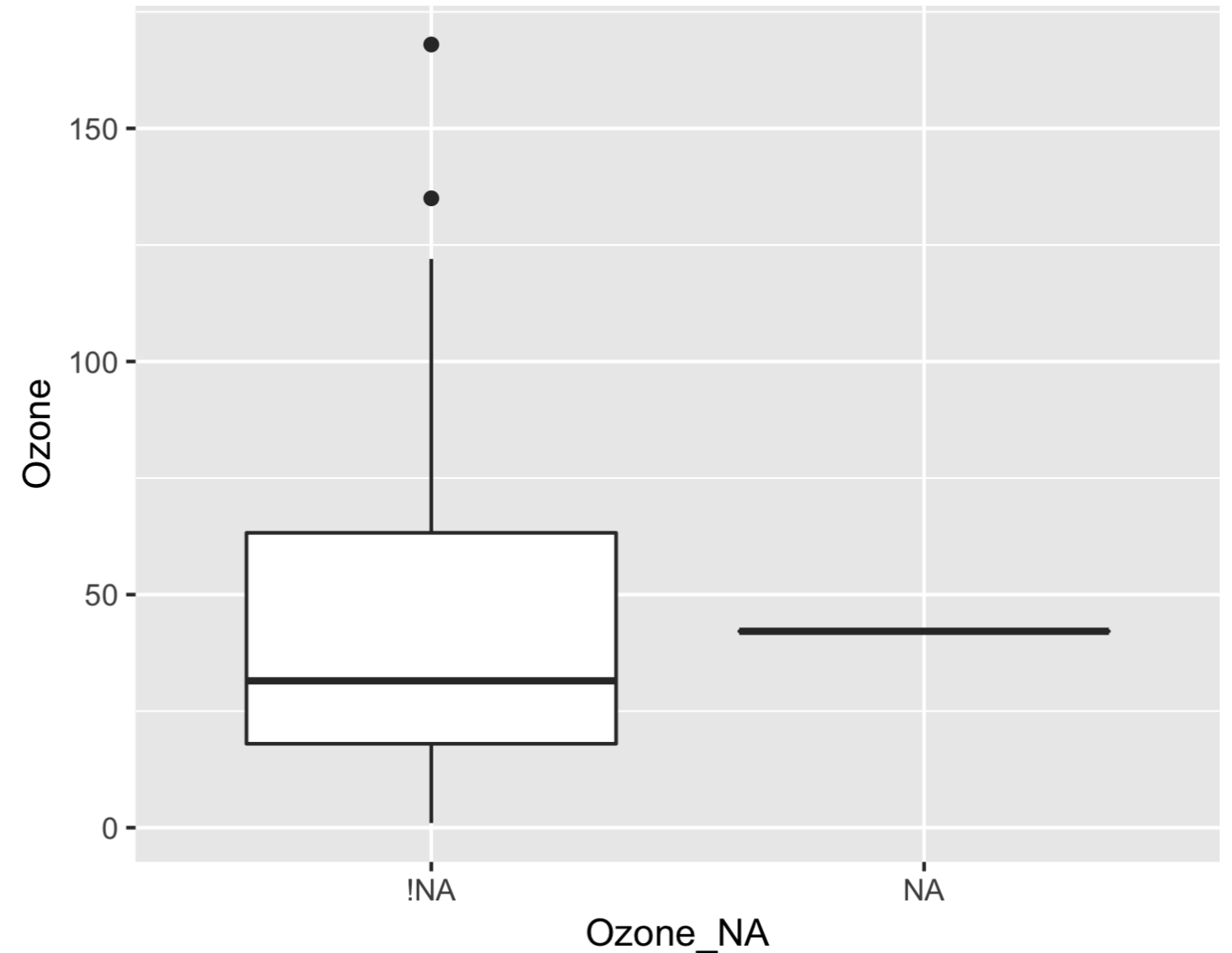
Exploring imputations using a box plot

When evaluating imputations, explore changes / similarities in

- **The mean/median** (boxplot)
- The spread
- The scale

Visualizing imputations using the box plot

```
ggplot(aq_impute_mean,  
       aes(x = Ozone_NA,  
           y = Ozone)) +  
  geom_boxplot()
```

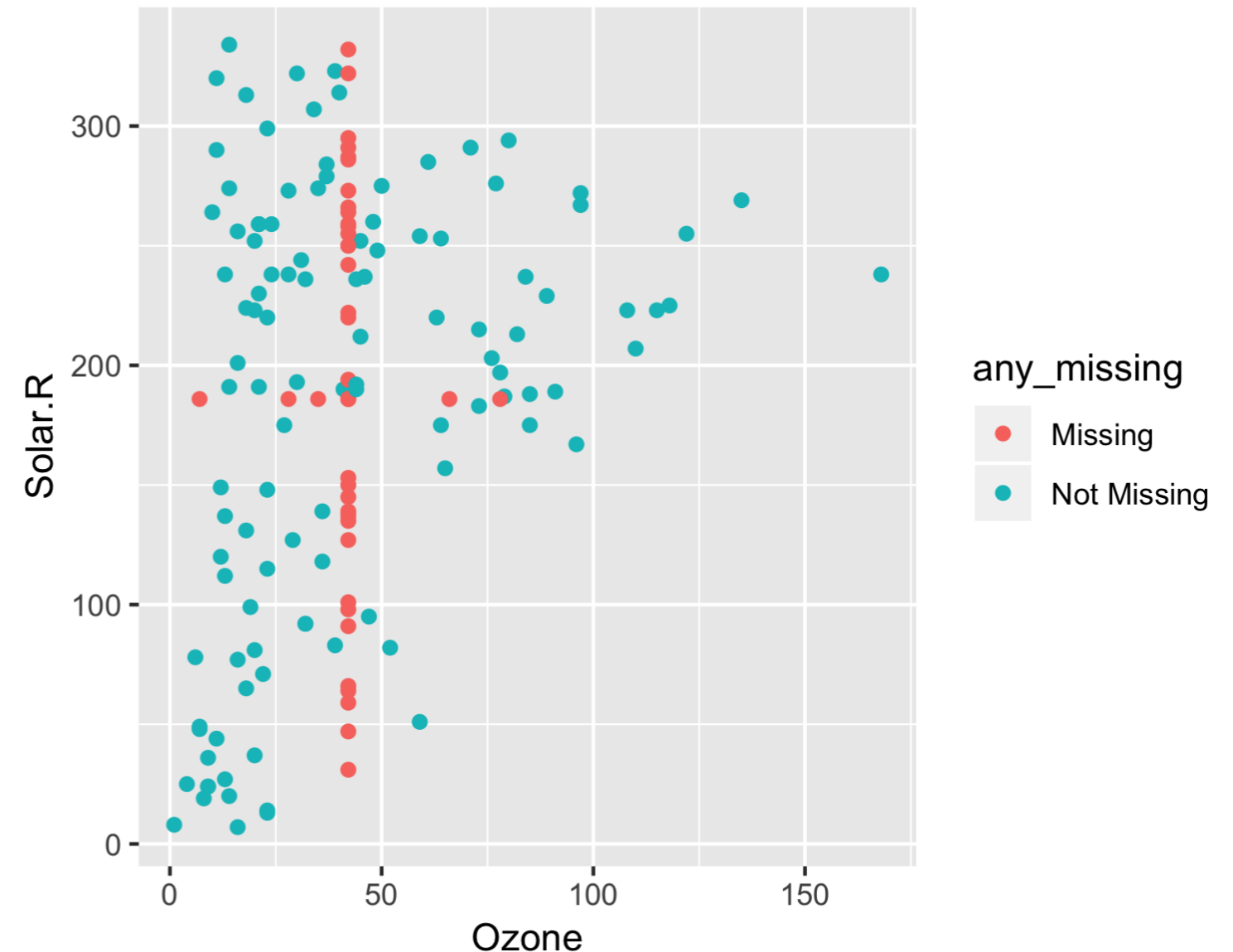


Explore bad imputations using a scatter plot

When evaluating imputations, explore changes/similarities in

- **The spread (scatter plot)**

```
ggplot(aq_impute_mean,  
  aes(x = Ozone,  
      y = Solar.R,  
      color = any_missing)) +  
  geom_point()
```



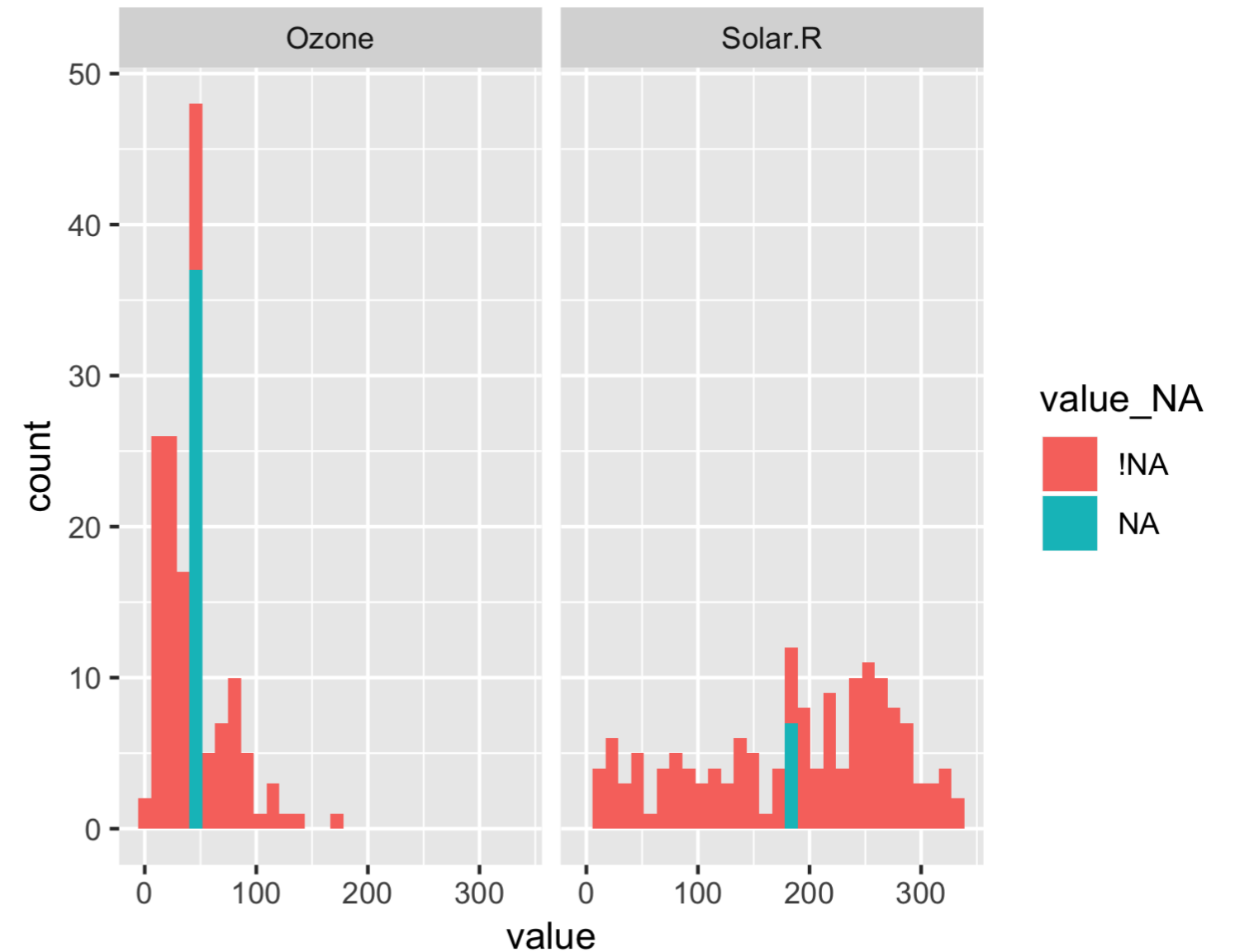
Exploring imputations for many variables

```
aq_imp <- airquality %>%  
  bind_shadow() %>%  
  impute_mean_all()  
  
aq_imp_long <- shadow_long(aq_imp,  
                           Ozone,  
                           Solar.R)  
  
aq_imp_long
```

```
# A tibble: 306 x 4  
  variable value variable_NA value_NA  
  <chr>     <dbl> <chr>      <chr>  
1 Ozone      41  Ozone_NA  !NA  
2 Ozone      36  Ozone_NA  !NA  
3 Ozone      12  Ozone_NA  !NA  
4 Ozone      18  Ozone_NA  !NA  
5 Ozone     42.1  Ozone_NA  NA  
6 Ozone      28  Ozone_NA  !NA  
7 Ozone      23  Ozone_NA  !NA  
8 Ozone      19  Ozone_NA  !NA  
9 Ozone       8  Ozone_NA  !NA  
10 Ozone     42.1  Ozone_NA  NA  
# ... with 296 more rows
```

Exploring imputations for many variables

```
ggplot(aq_imp_long,  
       aes(x = value,  
           fill = value_NA)) +  
  geom_histogram() +  
  facet_wrap(~ variable)
```



Let's Practice!

DEALING WITH MISSING DATA IN R

Practicing imputing with different models

DEALING WITH MISSING DATA IN R



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Lesson overview

- Imputation using the `simputation` package
- Use linear model to impute values with `impute_lm`
- Assess new imputations
- Build many imputation models
- Compare imputations across different models and variables

How imputing using a linear model works

```
df
```

```
# A tibble: 5 x 3
  y      x1      x2
<dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
1  2.67  2.43  3.27
2  3.87  3.55  1.45
3  NA    2.90  1.49
4  5.21  2.72  1.84
5  NA    4.29  1.15
```

```
df %>%
  bind_shadow(only_miss = TRUE) %>%
  add_label_shadow() %>%
  impute_lm(y ~ x1 + x2)
```

```
# A tibble: 5 x 7
  y      x1      x2  y_NA any_missing
<dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <fct> <chr>
1  2.67  2.43  3.27 !NA    Not Missing
2  3.87  3.55  1.45 !NA    Not Missing
3  5.54  2.90  1.49 NA     Missing
4  5.21  2.72  1.84 !NA    Not Missing
5  2.56  4.29  1.15 NA     Missing
```

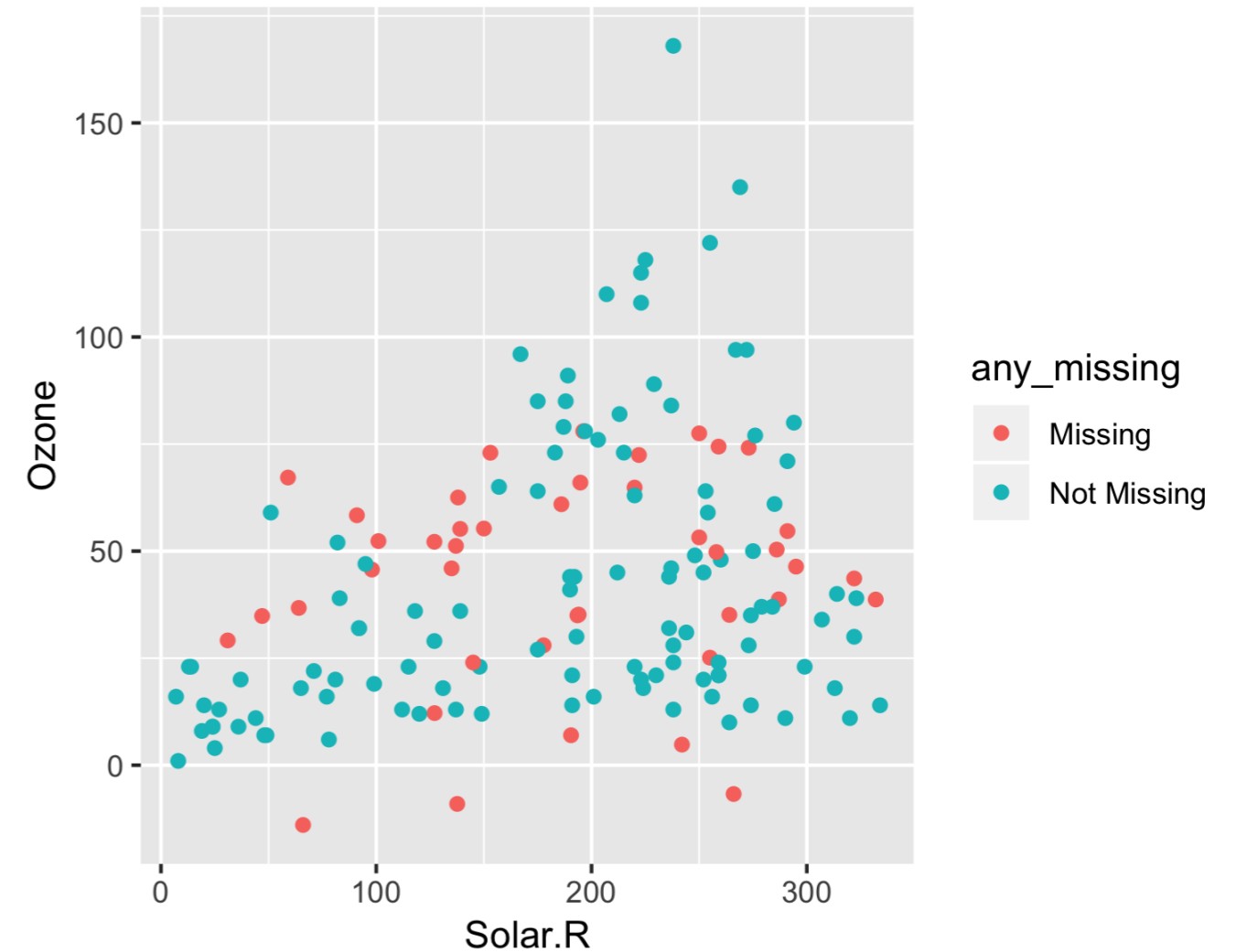
Using impute_lm

```
aq_imp_lm <- airquality %>% bind_shadow() %>% add_label_shadow() %>%  
  impute_lm(Solar.R ~ Wind + Temp + Month) %>%  
  impute_lm(Ozone ~ Wind + Temp + Month)  
aq_imp_lm
```

```
# A tibble: 153 x 13  
  Ozone Solar.R Wind Temp Month Day Ozone_NA Solar.R_NA  
*   <dbl>   <dbl> <dbl> <int> <int> <int> <fct>   <fct>  
1  41     190   7.4   67    5    1 !NA     !NA  
2  36     118    8    72    5    2 !NA     !NA  
3  12     149  12.6   74    5    3 !NA     !NA  
4  18     313  11.5   62    5    4 !NA     !NA  
5 -9.04   138.  14.3   56    5    5 NA      NA  
6  28     178.  14.9   66    5    6 !NA     NA  
# ... with 147 more rows, and 5 more variables: Wind_NA <fct>,  
# Temp_NA <fct>, Month_NA <fct>, Day_NA <fct>,  
# any_missing <chr>
```

Tracking missing values

```
aq_imp_lm <-  
airquality %>%  
  bind_shadow() %>%  
  add_label_missings() %>%  
  impute_lm(Solar.R ~ Wind + Temp +  
            Month) %>%  
  impute_lm(Ozone ~ Wind + Temp +  
            Month)  
ggplot(aq_imp_lm,  
       aes(x = Solar.R,  
           y = Ozone,  
           color = any_missing)) +  
  geom_point()
```



Evaluating imputations: evaluating and comparing imputations

```
aq_imp_small <- airquality %>%  
  bind_shadow() %>%  
  impute_lm(Ozone ~ Wind + Temp) %>%  
  impute_lm(Solar.R ~ Wind + Temp) %>%  
  add_label_shadow()  
  
aq_imp_large <- airquality %>%  
  bind_shadow() %>%  
  impute_lm(Ozone ~ Wind + Temp + Month + Day) %>%  
  impute_lm(Solar.R ~ Wind + Temp + Month + Day) %>%  
  add_label_shadow()
```

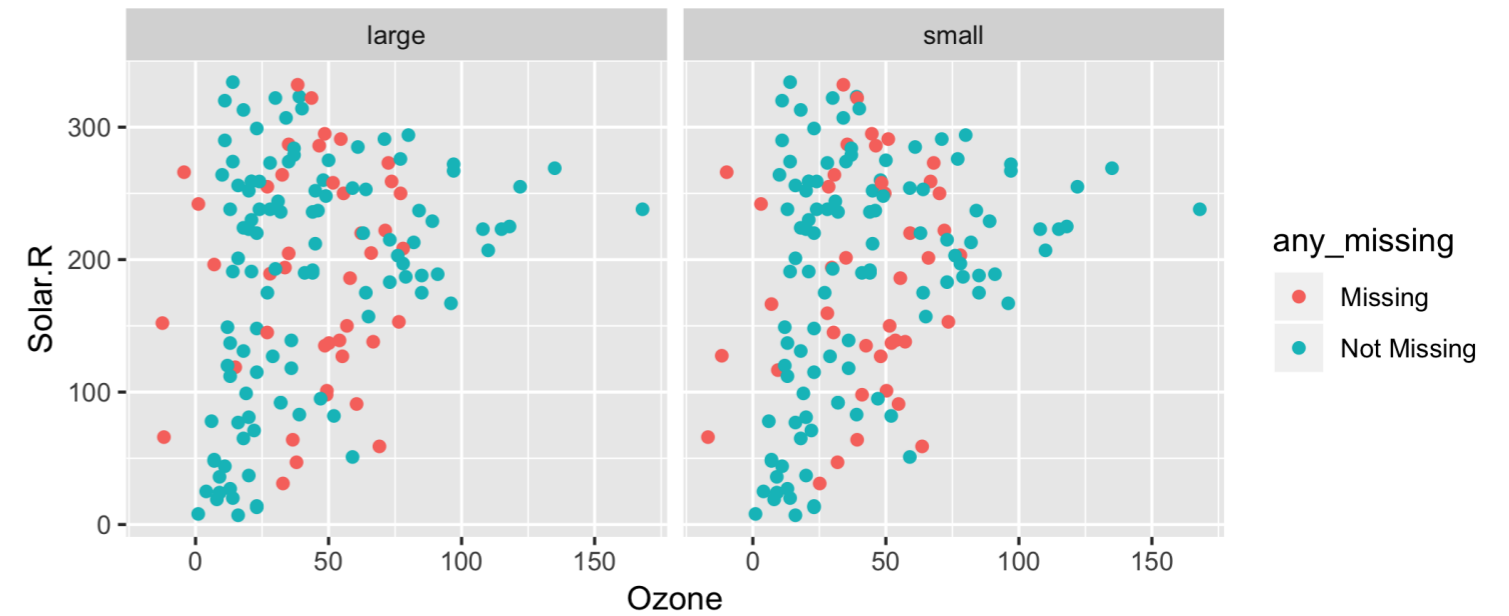
Evaluating imputations: binding and visualizing many models

```
bound_models <- bind_rows(small = aq_imp_small,  
                          large = aq_imp_large,  
                          .id = "imp_model")  
  
bound_models
```

```
  imp_model  Ozone Solar.R Wind Temp Month Day  
1:   small 41.00000 190.0000  7.4  67   5   1  
2:   small 36.00000 118.0000  8.0  72   5   2  
3:   small 12.00000 149.0000 12.6  74   5   3  
...  
304:  large 14.00000 191.0000 14.3  75   9  28  
305:  large 18.00000 131.0000  8.0  76   9  29  
306:  large 20.00000 223.0000 11.5  68   9  30
```

Evaluating imputations: exploring many imputations

```
ggplot(bound_models,  
  aes(x = Ozone,  
      y = Solar.R,  
      color = any_missing)) +  
  geom_point() +  
  facet_wrap(~ imp_model)
```

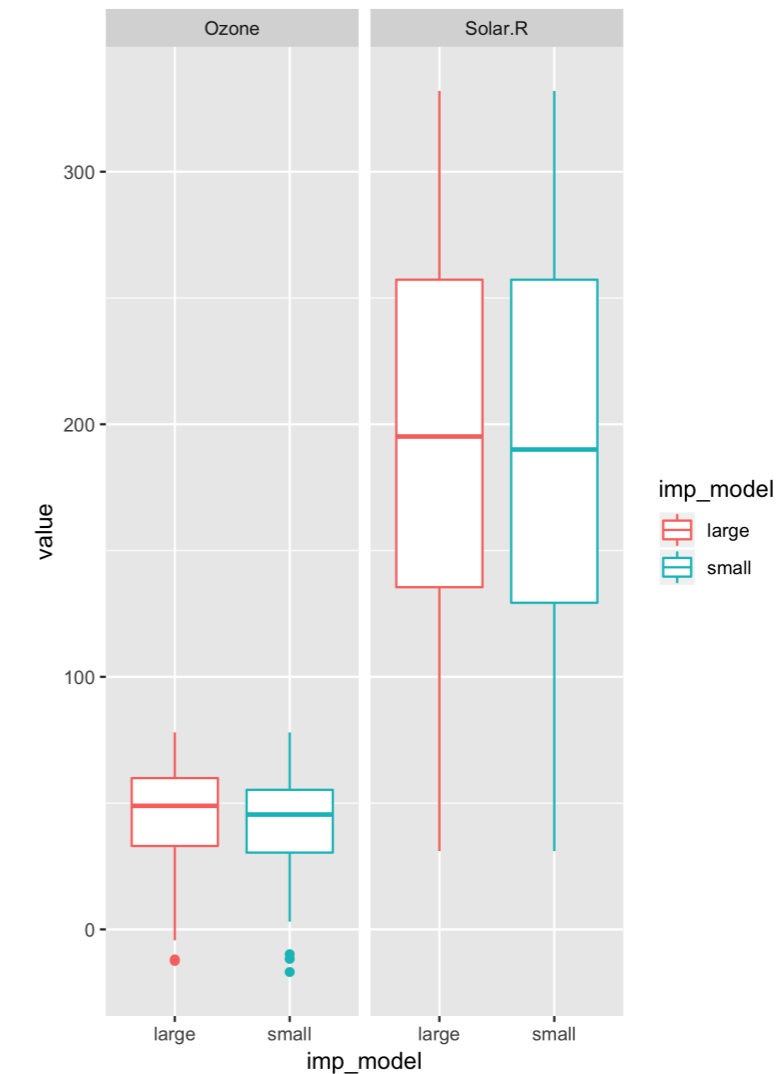


```
bound_models_gather <- bound_models %>%  
  select(Ozone, Solar.R, any_missing, imp_model) %>%  
  gather(key = "variable", value = "value", -any_missing, -imp_model)  
bound_models_gather
```

```
  any_missing imp_model variable    value  
1: Not Missing    small   Ozone  41.00000  
2: Not Missing    small   Ozone  36.00000  
3: Not Missing    small   Ozone  12.00000  
4: Not Missing    small   Ozone  18.00000  
5:    Missing    small   Ozone -11.67673  
...  
608: Not Missing    large  Solar.R 193.00000  
609:    Missing    large  Solar.R 145.00000  
610: Not Missing    large  Solar.R 191.00000  
611: Not Missing    large  Solar.R 131.00000  
612: Not Missing    large  Solar.R 223.00000
```

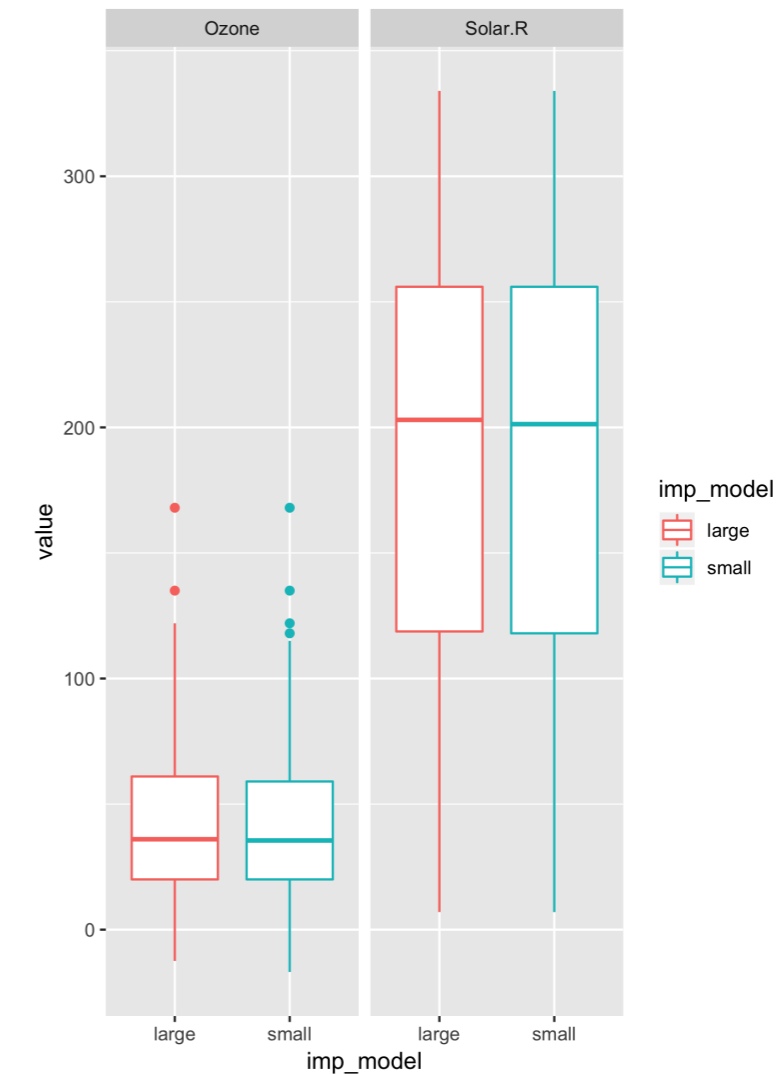

Explore imputations in multiple variables and models

```
ggplot(bound_models_gather,  
      aes(x = imp_model,  
          y = value)) +  
  geom_boxplot() +  
  facet_wrap(~ key)
```



Explore imputations in multiple variables and models

```
bound_models_gather %>%  
  filter(any_missing == "Missing") %>%  
  ggplot(aes(x = imp_model,  
            y = value)) +  
  geom_boxplot() +  
  facet_wrap(~ key)
```



Let's practice!

DEALING WITH MISSING DATA IN R

Assessing inference from imputed data in a modelling context

DEALING WITH MISSING DATA IN R



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Exploring parameters of one model

```
lm(Temp ~ Ozone + Solar.R + Wind + Month + day, data = airquality)
```

1. Complete case analysis
2. Imputation using the imputed data from the last lesson

Combining the datasets together

#1. Complete cases

```
aq_cc <- airquality %>%  
  na.omit() %>%  
  bind_shadow() %>%  
  add_label_shadow()
```

#2. Imputation using the imputed data from the last lesson

```
aq_imp_lm <- bind_shadow(airquality) %>%  
  add_label_shadow() %>%  
  impute_lm(Ozone ~ Temp + Wind + Month + Day) %>%  
  impute_lm(Solar.R ~ Temp + Wind + Month + Day)
```

3. Bind the models together

```
bound_models <- bind_rows(cc = aq_cc,  
                           imp_lm = aq_imp_lm,  
                           .id = "imp_model")
```

Combining the datasets together

```
bound_models
```

```
imp_model Ozone Solar.R Wind Temp Month Day Ozone_NA Solar.R_NA any_missing
cc        41    190    7.4  67   5   1   !NA        !NA        Not Missing
cc        36    118    8.0  72   5   2   !NA        !NA        Not Missing
cc        12    149   12.6  74   5   3   !NA        !NA        Not Missing
cc        18    313   11.5  62   5   4   !NA        !NA        Not Missing
cc        23    299    8.6  65   5   7   !NA        !NA        Not Missing
...
imp_lm    30    193    6.9  70   9  26   !NA        !NA        Not Missing
imp_lm    NA    145   13.2  77   9  27    NA        !NA        Missing
imp_lm    14    191   14.3  75   9  28   !NA        !NA        Not Missing
imp_lm    18    131    8.0  76   9  29   !NA        !NA        Not Missing
imp_lm    20    223   11.5  68   9  30   !NA        !NA        Not Missing
```

Exploring the models

```
model_summary <- bound_models %>%  
  group_by(imp_model) %>%  
  nest() %>%  
  mutate(mod = map(data,  
                   ~lm(Temp ~ Ozone + Solar.R + Wind + Temp + Days + Month  
                       data = .))),  
         res = map(mod, residuals),  
         pred = map(mod, predict),  
         tidy = map(mod, broom::tidy))  
model_summary
```

```
# A tibble: 2 x 6  
  imp_model data          mod      res      pred      tidy  
  <chr>      <list>          <list> <list> <list> <list>  
1 cc        <tibble [111 x 13]> <S3: lm> <dbl [111]> <dbl [111]> <tibble [3 x 5]>  
2 imp_lm    <tibble [153 x 13]> <S3: lm> <dbl [153]> <dbl [153]> <tibble [3 x 5]>
```

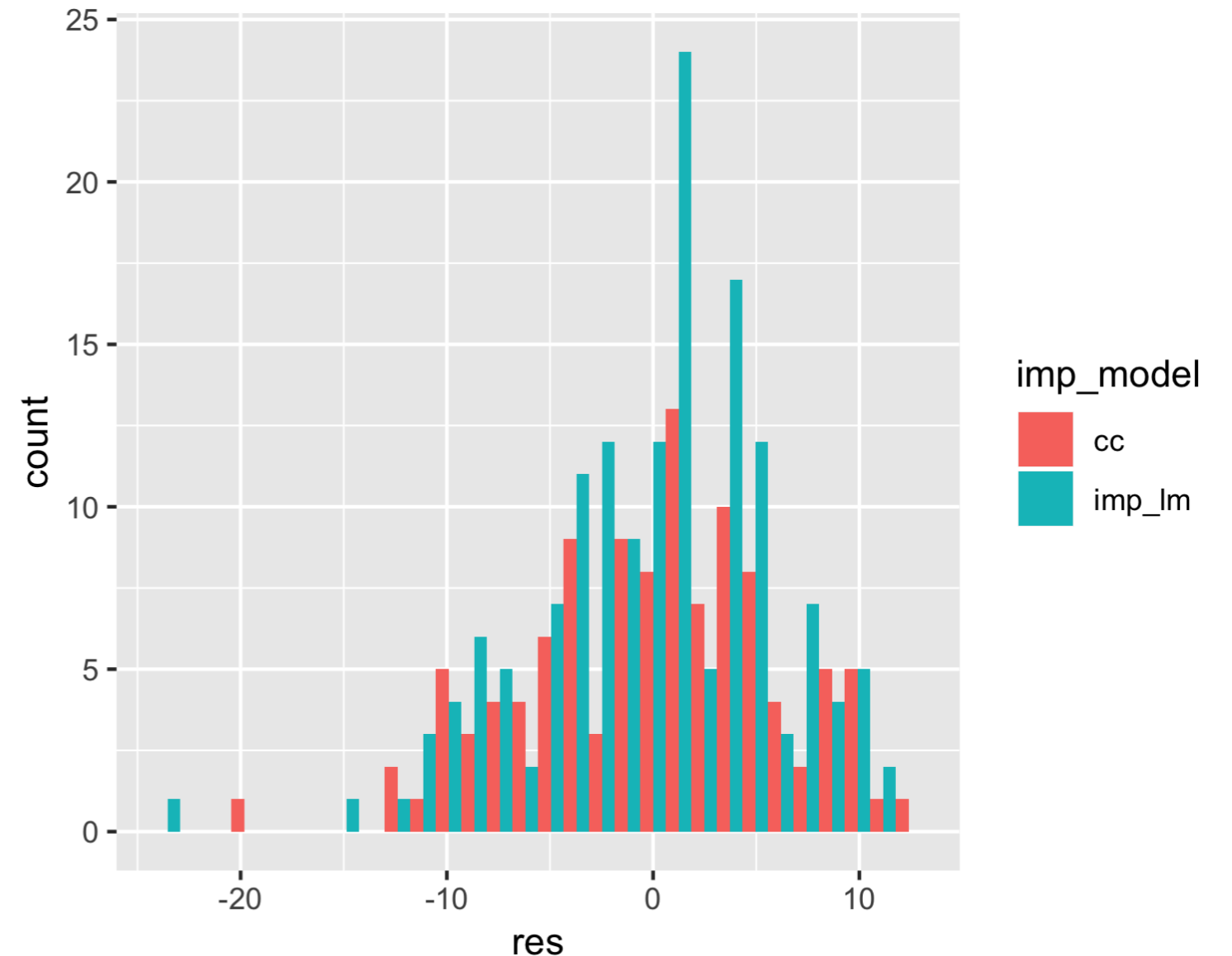

Exploring coefficients of multiple models

```
model_summary %>%  
  select(imp_model,  
        tidy) %>%  
  unnest()
```

```
# A tibble: 6 x 6  
  imp_model term      estimate std.error statistic  p.value  
  <chr>     <chr>      <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>  
1 cc       (Intercept) 68.5      1.53     44.8    1.31e-71  
2 cc       Ozone        0.194     0.0210    9.26    2.22e-15  
3 cc       Solar.R      0.00604   0.00766    0.789   4.32e- 1  
4 imp_lm   (Intercept) 67.2      1.30     51.5    2.68e-97  
5 imp_lm   Ozone        0.215     0.0180   12.0    1.40e-23  
6 imp_lm   Solar.R      0.00787   0.00630    1.25    2.13e- 1
```

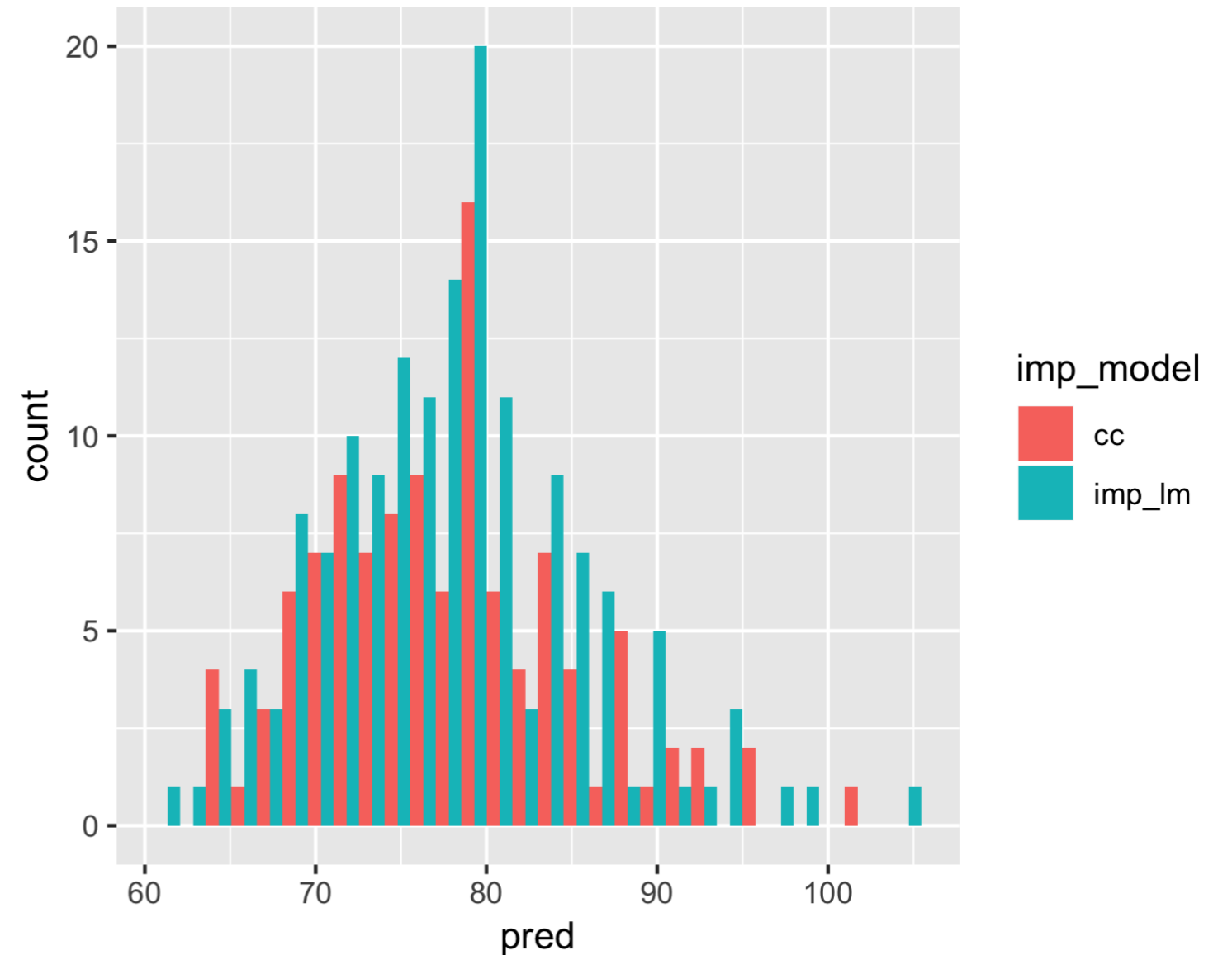
Exploring residuals of multiple models

```
model_summary %>%  
  select(imp_model,  
         res) %>%  
  unnest() %>%  
  ggplot(aes(x = res,  
            fill = imp_model)) +  
  geom_histogram(position = "dodge")
```



Exploring predictions of multiple models

```
model_summary %>%  
  select(imp_model,  
         pred) %>%  
  unnest() %>%  
  ggplot(aes(x = pred,  
            fill = imp_model)) +  
  geom_histogram(position = "dodge")
```



Let's practice!

DEALING WITH MISSING DATA IN R

Congratulations!

DEALING WITH MISSING DATA IN R



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Chapter 1

What missing values are

Missing values are values that should have been recorded but were not.

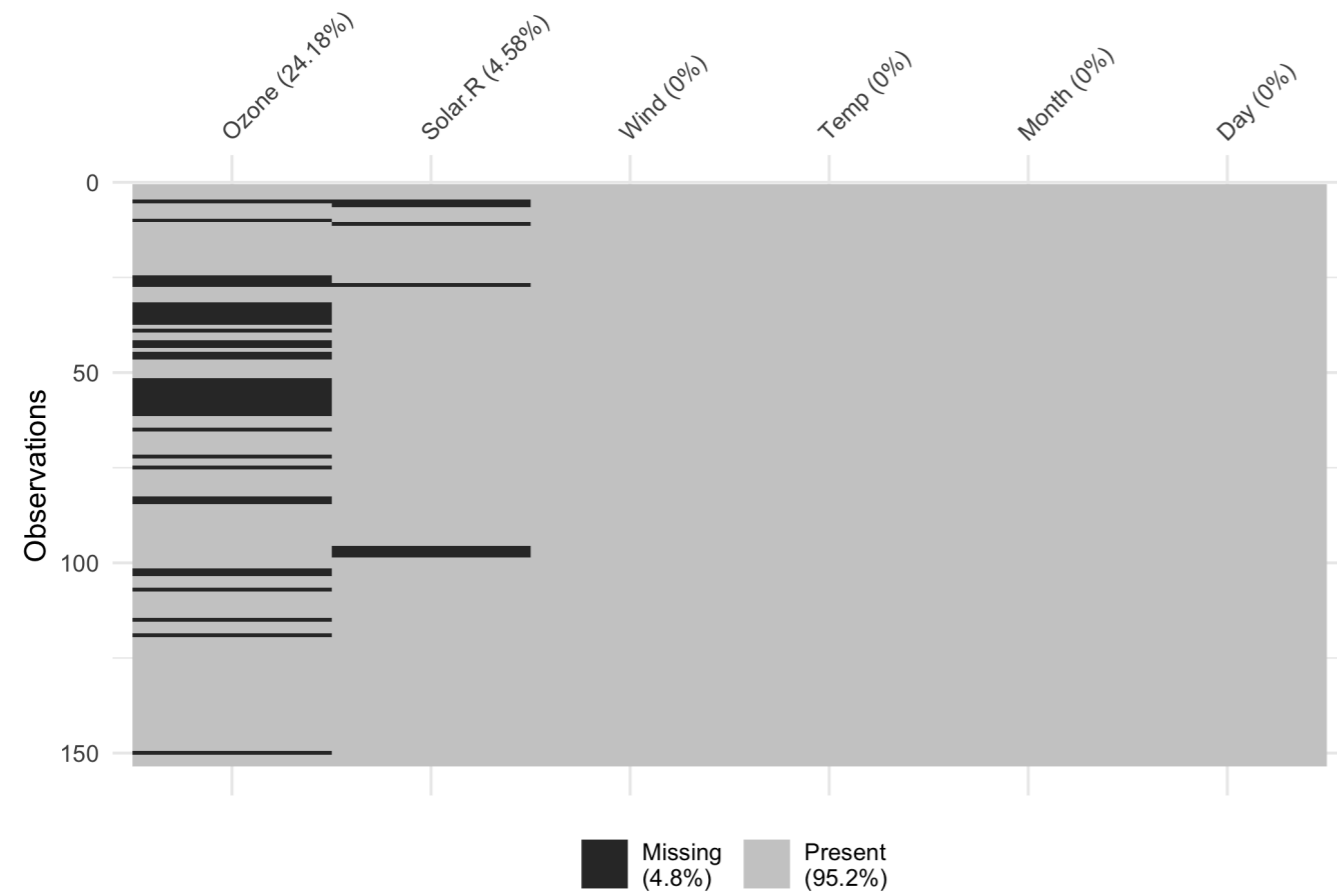
How to summarize missing values

```
miss_var_summary(airquality)
```

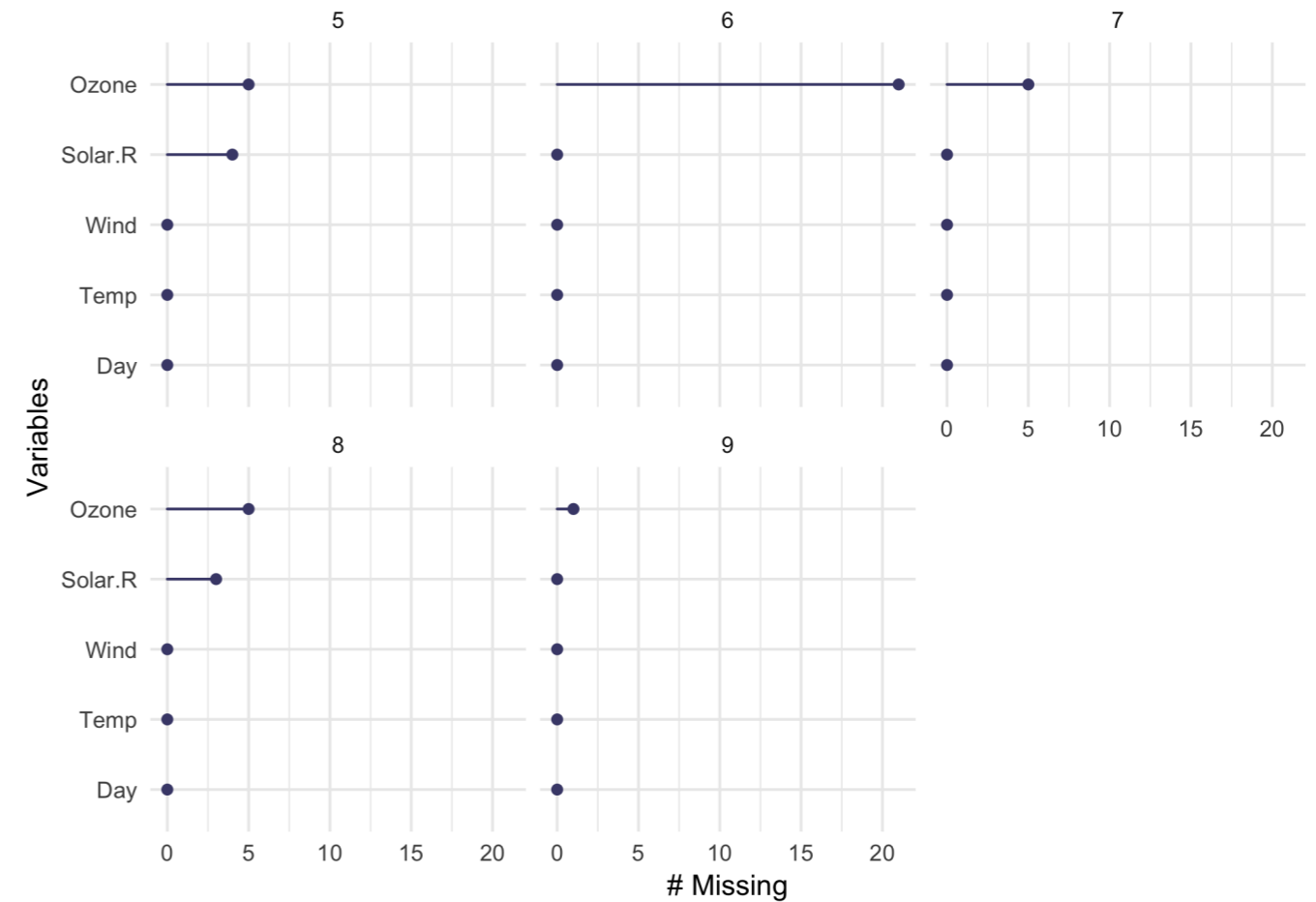
```
A tibble: 6 x 3
  variable n_miss pct_miss
  <chr>    <int>    <dbl>
1 Ozone    37      24.2
2 Solar.R  7        4.58
3 Wind     0         0
4 Temp     0         0
5 Month    0         0
6 Day      0         0
```

Chapter 1

```
vis_miss(airquality)
```



```
gg_miss_var(airquality, facet=Month)
```



Chapter 2

Find alternative missing values

```
miss_scan_count(data = pacman,  
                 search = list("N/A"))
```

Implicit Missing values

```
frogger_tidy <- frogger %>%  
  complete(time, name)
```

Replace alternative missing values

```
replace_with_na(pacman,  
                replace = list(  
                  year = c("N/A"),  
                  score = c("N/A")))
```

Missing Data Dependence

- MCAR
- MAR
- MNAR

Chapter 3

shadow matrix, nabular data

```
nabular(airquality)
```

```
# A tibble: 153 x 12
  Ozone Solar.R Wind Temp
<int> <int> <dbl> <int>
1 41 190 7.4 67
2 36 118 8 72
3 12 149 12.6 74
# ... with 150 more rows, and 3
# more variables: Month <int>, Day <int>,
# Ozone_NA <fct>, Solar.R_NA <fct>,
# Wind_NA <fct>, Temp_NA <fct>,
# Month_NA <fct>, Day_NA <fct>
```

Explore missingness, link summaries to data values

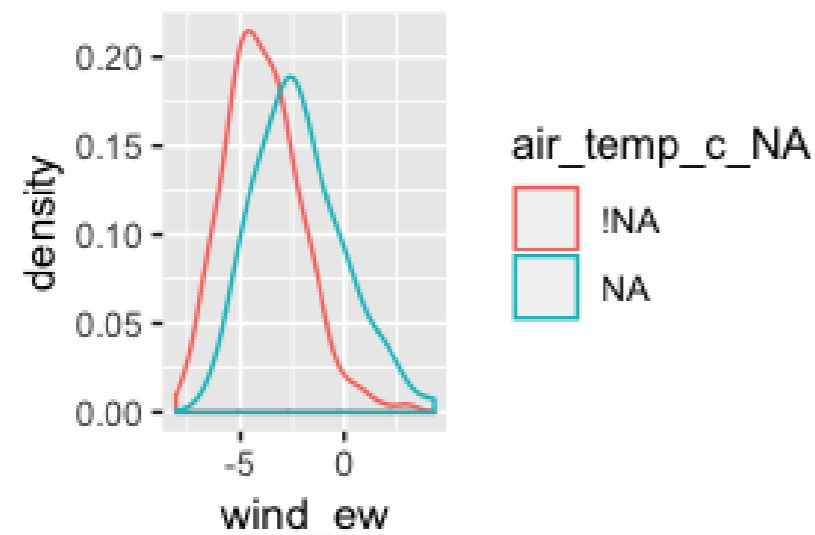
```
oceanbuoys %>%
  bind_shadow() %>%
  group_by(humidity_NA) %>%
  summarize(
    wind_ew_mean = mean(wind_ew))
```

```
# A tibble: 2 x 2
  humidity_NA wind_ew_mean
<fct> <dbl>
1 !NA -3.78
2 NA -3.30
```

Chapter 3

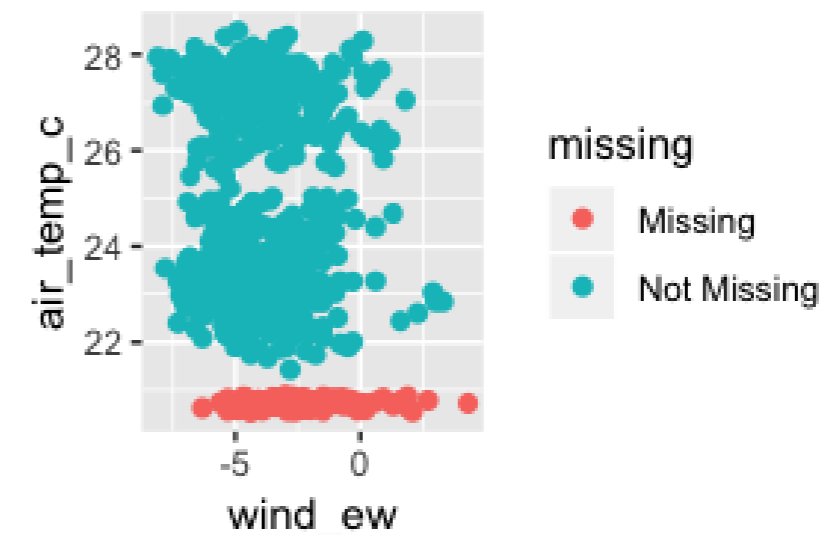
How values change with missingness.

```
nabular(oceanbuoys) %>%  
  ggplot(aes(x = wind_ew,  
            color = air_temp_c_NA)) +  
  geom_density()
```



Visualize missings across 2 variables.

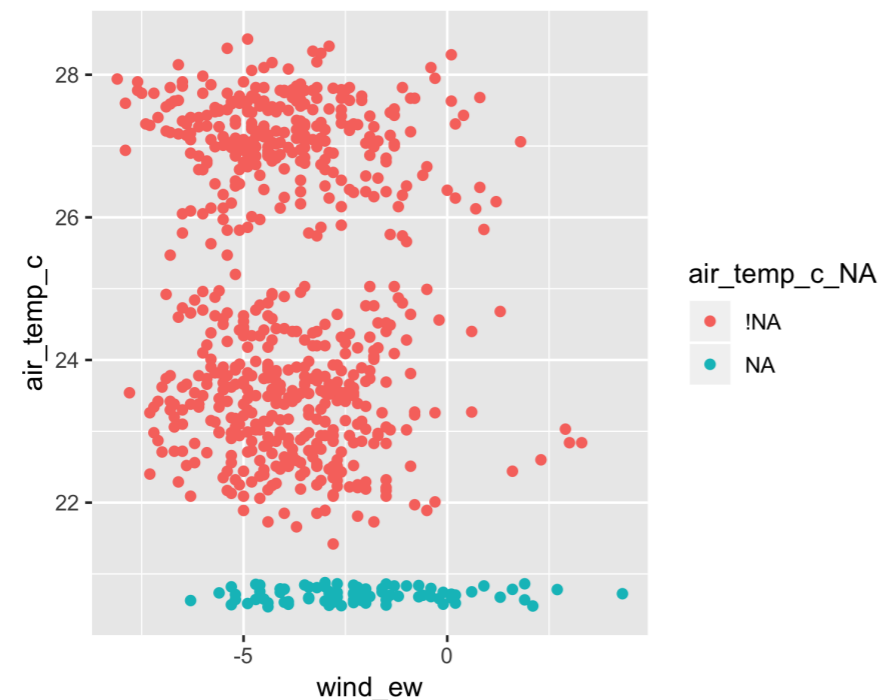
```
ggplot(oceanbuoys,  
      aes(x = wind_ew,  
          y = air_temp_c)) +  
  geom_miss_point()
```



Chapter 4

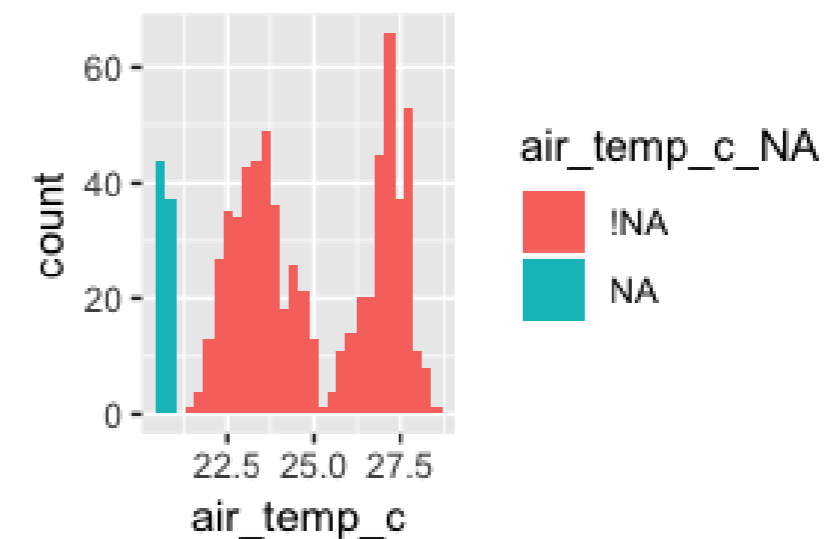
Good and bad imputations

```
naniar::impute_mean_all()  
simputation::impute_lm()
```



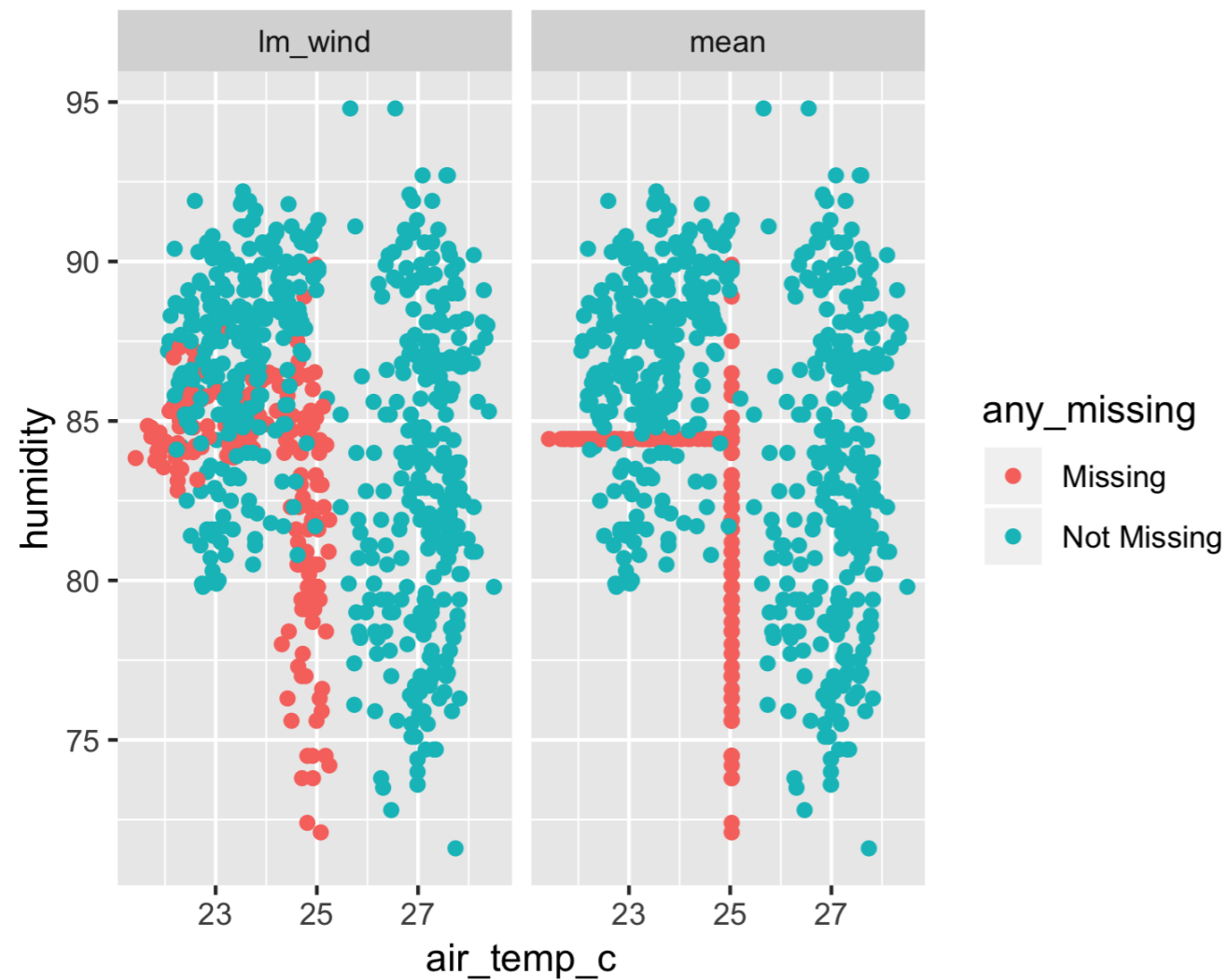
Compare imputed and original values

```
ggplot(ocean_imp_track,  
       aes(x = air_temp_c,  
           fill = air_temp_c_NA)) +  
  geom_histogram()
```



Chapter 4

Using different imputation models



How imputation models affect subsequent inference

```
# A tibble: 12 x 6
  imp_model term estimate
<chr>      <chr>   <dbl>
1 cc        (Int... -7.35e+2
2 cc        air_...  8.64e-1
3 cc        humi...  3.41e-2
4 cc        year   3.69e-1
5 imp_lm_w... (Int... -1.71e+3
6 imp_lm_w... air_...  3.78e-1
# ... 6 more rows
# ... with 3 more variables:
#   std.error <dbl>,
#   statistic <dbl>,
#   p.value <dbl>
```

This is only the beginning!



mice R package



Flexible Imputation of Missing Data

Thank you!

DEALING WITH MISSING DATA IN R