Working with unnamed lists

FOUNDATIONS OF FUNCTIONAL PROGRAMMING WITH PURRR

Auriel Fournier
Instructor

datacamp

But first, pipes

```
output <-  function_one() %>%
            function_two()
```

Instead of needing

```
output1 <- function_one()

output <- function_two(output1)
```

Does my list have names?

Without Pipes

```
names(survey_data)
```

```
"LakeErieS" "LakeErieN" "LakeErieW" "LakeErieE"
```

With Pipes

```
survey_data %>%
        names()
```

```
"LakeErieS" "LakeErieN" "LakeErieW" "LakeErieE"
```

No names? Set some!

```
library(repurrrsive)
data(sw_films)
str(sw_films)
```

```
List of 14
 $ title        : chr "A New Hope"
 $ episode_id   : int 4
 $ opening_crawl: chr "It is a period of ..."
 $ director     : chr "George Lucas"
 ...
```

```
sw_films <- sw_films %>%
  set_names(map_chr(sw_films, "title"))
```

```
names(sw_films)
```

```
[1] "A New Hope"           "Attack of the Clones"
[3] "The Phantom Menace"   "Revenge of the Sith"
[5] "Return of the Jedi"   "The Empire Strikes Back"
[7] "The Force Awakens"
```

Pipes within map()

```
waterfowl_data
```

```
$LakeErieS
[1] 0 0 10 5

$LakeErieN
[1] 0 0 1000 5

$LakeErieW
[1] 10000 0 0 1

$LakeErieE
[1] 10 10 5 0
```

```
map(waterfowl_data, ~.x %>%
                    sum() %>%
                    log())
```

```
$LakeErieS
[1] 2.70805

$LakeErieN
[1] 6.912743

$LakeErieW
[1] 9.21044

$LakeErieE
[1] 3.218876
```

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More map()

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Simulate data

```
list_of_means
```

```
[[1]]
[1] 5

[[2]]
[1] 2

[[3]]
[1] 300

[[4]]
[1] 15
```

```
list_of_df <- map(list_of_means,
    ~data.frame(a=rnorm(mean = .x,
                        n = 200,
                        sd = (5/2))))
head(list_of_df[[1]])
```

```
          a
1 4.518015
2 3.915059
3 5.306956
4 7.039757
5 8.609741
6 1.478696
```

Run linear models

```
str(education_data[[1]])
```

```
List of 2
 $ district_a:List of 2
  ..$ education_level: chr [1:200] "B.S." "K-12"  ...
  ..$ income         : num [1:200] 487256 493378  ...
```

```
models <- education_data %>%
    map(~ lm(income ~ education_level, data=.x)) %>%
    map(summary)
```

map_*() flavors

```
map(livingthings,
    ~.x[["species"]])
[[1]]
[1] "Purple Flowers"

[[2]]
[1] "Green Grass"

[[3]]
[1] "Brown Dog"
```

```
map_chr(livingthings,
        ~.x[["species"]])
[1] "Purple Flowers"
"Green Grass"
"Brown Dog"
```

```
map_lgl(livingthings,
~.x[["species"]]=="Purple Flowers")
[1] TRUE FALSE FALSE
```

map_*() flavors with numbers

```
map_dbl(bird_measurements,
          ~.x[["wing length"]])
```

```
 sora robin
   75    12
```

```
map_dbl(bird_measurements,
          ~.x[["weight"]])
```

```
 sora robin
 96.4  76.5
```

```
map_int(bird_measurements,
          ~.x[["wing length"]])
```

```
 sora robin
   75    12
```

```
map_int(bird_measurements,
          ~.x[["weight"]])
```

```
Error: Can't coerce element 1
from a double to a integer
```

map_df()

```
bird_measurements %>%
   map_df(~ data_frame(weight=.x[["weight"]],
                       wing_length = .x[["wing length"]]))
```

```
# A tibble: 2 x 2
  weight wing_length
   <dbl>       <dbl>
1   96.4          75
2   76.5          12
```

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map2() and pmap()

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```
list_of_means
```

```
[[1]]
[1] 5
[[2]]
[1] 2
[[3]]
[1] 300
[[4]]
[1] 15
```

```
list_of_sd
```

```
[[1]]
[1] 0.5
[[2]]
[1] 0.01
[[3]]
[1] 20
[[4]]
[1] 1
```

```
simdata <- map2(list_of_means,
                list_of_sd,
     ~data.frame(a = rnorm(mean=.x,
                n=200, sd=.y),
                b = rnorm(mean=200,
                n=200, sd=15)))
head(simdata[[1]])
```

```
         a        b
1 4.986100 195.1436
2 5.216531 222.7807
3 4.249028 201.0155
4 5.125663 189.3022
5 4.430192 231.3301
6 5.557537 185.3563
```

What if we didn't use purrr?

```
for(i in list_of_means){
  for(j in list_of_sd){
    for(k in list_of_samplesize){
    num <- 1
      simdata[[1]] <- rnorm(mean=i, sd=j, n = k)
    num <- num + 1
    }
  }
}
```

```
list_of_means
list_of_sd
list_of_samplesize
```

```
[[1]]
[1] 5
[[2]]
[1] 2
...
```

```
[[1]]
[1] 0.5
[[2]]
[1] 0.01
...
```

```
[[1]]
[1] 200
[[2]]
[1] 50
...
```

```
input_list <- list(
    means = list_of_means,
    sd = list_of_sd,
    samplesize = list_of_samplesize)
str(input_list)
```

```
List of 3
 $ means     :List of 4
  ..$ : num 5
  ..$ : num 2
  ..$ : num 300
  ..$ : num 15
 $ sd        :List of 4
  ..$ : num 0.5
  ..$ : num 0.01
  ..$ : num 20
  ..$ : num 1
 $ samplesize:List of 4
  ..$ : num 200
  ..$ : num 50
...
```

pmap()

```
simdata <- pmap(inputs_list,
     function(means, sd, samplesize)
     data.frame(a = rnorm(mean=means,
                          n=samplesize,
                          sd=sd)))
head(simdata[[1]])
```

```
         a
1 5.862376
2 5.308204
3 4.771946
4 5.173814
5 4.674113
6 4.681016
```

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