# Hyperparameter tuning in caret

HYPERPARAMETER TUNING IN R



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#### Voter dataset from US 2016 election

Split intro training and test set

```
library(tidyverse)
glimpse(voters_train_data)
```

#### Let's train another model with caret

Stochastic Gradient Boosting

32.934 sec elapsed

#### Let's train another model with caret

gbm\_model\_voters

```
Stochastic Gradient Boosting
Resampling results across tuning parameters:
 interaction.depth n.trees Accuracy
                                        Карра
                     50
                             0.9604603 - 0.0001774346
 1
Tuning parameter 'shrinkage' was held constant at a value of 0.1
Tuning parameter 'n.minobsinnode' was held constant at a value of 10
Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
The final values used for the model were n.trees = 50,
interaction.depth = 1, shrinkage = 0.1 and n.minobsinnode = 10.
```



### Cartesian grid search with caret

Define a Cartesian grid of hyperparameters:

85.745 sec elapsed



# Cartesian grid search with caret

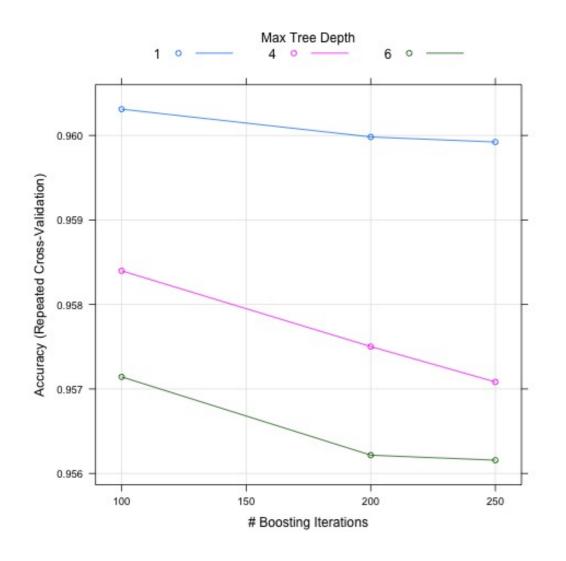
gbm\_model\_voters\_grid

```
Stochastic Gradient Boosting
Resampling results across tuning parameters:
 interaction.depth n.trees Accuracy
                                        Kappa
                    100
                             0.9603108 0.000912769
Tuning parameter 'shrinkage' was held constant at a value of 0.1
Tuning parameter 'n.minobsinnode' was held constant at a value of 10
Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
The final values used for the model were n.trees = 100,
interaction.depth = 1, shrinkage = 0.1 and n.minobsinnode = 10.
```

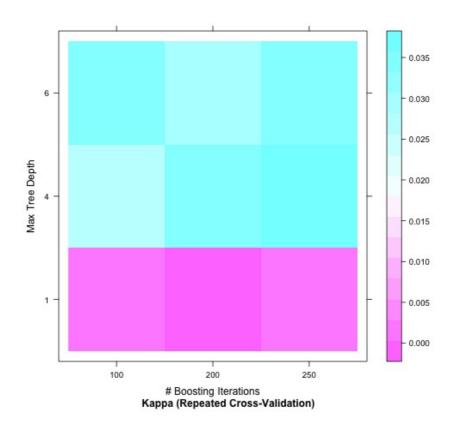


# Plot hyperparameter models

plot(gbm\_model\_voters\_grid)



```
plot(gbm_model_voters_grid,
    metric = "Kappa",
    plotType = "level")
```



# Test it out for yourself!

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# Grid vs. Random Search

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#### Grid search continued

```
man_grid <- expand.grid(n.trees = c(100, 200, 250), interaction.depth = c(1, 4, 6),
                          shrinkage = 0.1, n.minobsinnode = 10)
fitControl <- trainControl(method = "repeatedcv", number = 3,</pre>
                            repeats = 5, search = "grid")
tic()
set.seed(42)
gbm_model_voters_grid <- train(turnout16_2016 ~ .,</pre>
                    data = voters_train_data,
                    method = "gbm",
                    trControl = fitControl,
                    verbose= FALSE,
                    tuneGrid = man_grid)
toc()
```

85.745 sec elapsed



# Grid search with hyperparameter ranges

```
n.trees interaction.depth shrinkage n.minobsinnode
                                    0.1
        10
                         1.0
                                                    10
        60
                         1.0
                                    0.1
                                                    10
                         1.0
                                    0.1
3
       110
                                                    10
       160
                         1.0
                                    0.1
                                                    10
                         1.0
                                    0.1
5
       210
                                                    10
       260
                         1.0
                                    0.1
                                                    10
36
       260
                        10.0
                                    0.1
                                                    10
```

# Grid search with many hyperparameter options

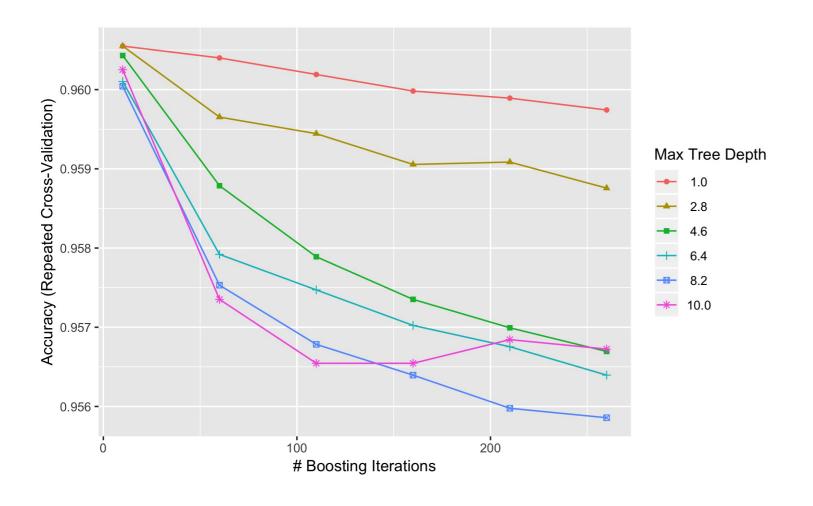
```
big_grid <- expand.grid(n.trees = seg(from = 10, to = 300, by = 50),
                         interaction.depth = seg(from = 1, to = 10,
                                                  length.out = 6),
                         shrinkage = 0.1,
                         n.minobsinnode = 10)
fitControl <- trainControl(method = "repeatedcv", number = 3, repeats = 5, search = "grid")
tic()
set.seed(42)
gbm_model_voters_big_grid <- train(turnout16_2016 ~ .,</pre>
                   data = voters_train_data,
                   method = "gbm",
                   trControl = fitControl,
                   verbose = FALSE,
                   tuneGrid = big_grid)
toc()
```

240.698 sec elapsed



### Cartesian grid vs random search

ggplot(gbm\_model\_voters\_big\_grid)



- Grid search can get slow and computationally expensive very quickly!
- Therefore, in reality, we often use random search.

#### Random search in caret

```
# Define random search in trainControl function
library(caret)
fitControl <- trainControl(method = "repeatedcv", number = 3, repeats = 5, search = "random")
# Set tuneLength argument
tic()
set.seed(42)
gbm_model_voters_random <- train(turnout16_2016 ~ .,</pre>
                   data = voters_train_data,
                   method = "gbm",
                   trControl = fitControl,
                   verbose = FALSE,
                   tuneLength = 5)
toc()
```

46.432 sec elapsed



#### Random search in caret

```
gbm_model_voters_random
```

```
Stochastic Gradient Boosting
Resampling results across tuning parameters:
             interaction.depth n.minobsinnode n.trees
 shrinkage
                                                        Accuracy
                                                                   Kappa
 0.08841129 4
                                 6
                                               4396
                                                        0.9670737 - 0.008533125
 0.09255042
                                                540
                                                        0.9630635 - 0.013291683
 0.14484962 3
                                               3154
                                                        0.9570179 - 0.013970255
                                21
  0.34935098 10
                                               2566
                                                        0.9610734 -0.015726813
 0.43341085 1
                                               2094
                                                        0.9460727 - 0.024791056
Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
The final values used for the model were n.trees = 4396,
interaction.depth = 4, shrinkage = 0.08841129 and n.minobsinnode = 6.
```

• Beware: in caret random search can **NOT** be combined with grid search!

# Let's get coding!

HYPERPARAMETER TUNING IN R



# Adaptive resampling

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# What is Adaptive Resampling?

#### **Grid Search**

 All hyperparameter combinations are computed.

#### **Random Search**

- Random **subsets** of hyperparameter combinations are computed.
- → Evaluation of best combination is done at the end.

#### **Adaptive Resampling**

- Hyperparameter combinations are resampled with values near combinations that performed well.
- Adaptive Resampling is, therefore, faster and more efficient!

"Futility Analysis in the Cross-Validation of Machine Learning Models." Max Kuhn; ARXIV 2014

# Adaptive resampling in caret

```
trainControl: method = "adaptive_cv" + search = "random" + adaptive =
```

- *min*: minimum number of resamples per hyperparameter
- alpha: confidence level for removing hyperparameters
- method: "gls" for linear model or "BT" for Bradley-Terry
- complete: if TRUE generates full resampling set

trainControl() + tuneLength = x

```
fitControl <- trainControl(method = "adaptive_cv", number = 3, repeats = 3,
                            adaptive = list(min = 2,
                                            alpha = 0.05,
                                            method = "gls",
                                            complete = TRUE),
                              search = "random")
tic()
set.seed(42)
gbm_model_voters_adaptive <- train(turnout16_2016 ~ .,</pre>
                                    data = voters_train_data,
                                    method = "gbm",
                                    trControl = fitControl,
                                    verbose = FALSE,
                                    tuneLength = 7)
toc()
```

1239.837 sec elapsed



# Adaptive resampling

gbm\_model\_voters\_adaptive

```
Resampling results across tuning parameters:
 shrinkage
             interaction.depth n.minobsinnode n.trees
                                                                               Resamples
                                                        Accuracy
                                                                   Карра
 0.07137493
              5
                                 6
                                               4152
                                                        0.9564654
                                                                   0.02856571
                                                        0.9547185 0.02098853 4
 0.08408739
                                                674
              5
                                14
 0.28552325
                                15
                                               3209
                                                        0.9568141 0.03024238 3
 0.33663932 10
                                13
                                               2595
                                                        0.9571130 0.04250979 9
 0.54251480
                                24
                                               3683
                                                        0.9482171 0.03568586 2
 0.56406870
                                25
                                               4685
                                                        0.9549898 0.05284333 5
 0.58695763
                                               1431
                                                        0.9520286 0.02742592 2
                                24
Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
The final values used for the model were n.trees = 2595,
interaction.depth = 10, shrinkage = 0.3366393 and n.minobsinnode = 13.
```



# Let's get coding!

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