

Plotting word counts

INTRODUCTION TO TEXT ANALYSIS IN R



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Starting with tidy text

```
tidy_review <- review_data %>%  
  mutate(id = row_number()) %>%  
  unnest_tokens(word, review) %>%  
  anti_join(stop_words)
```

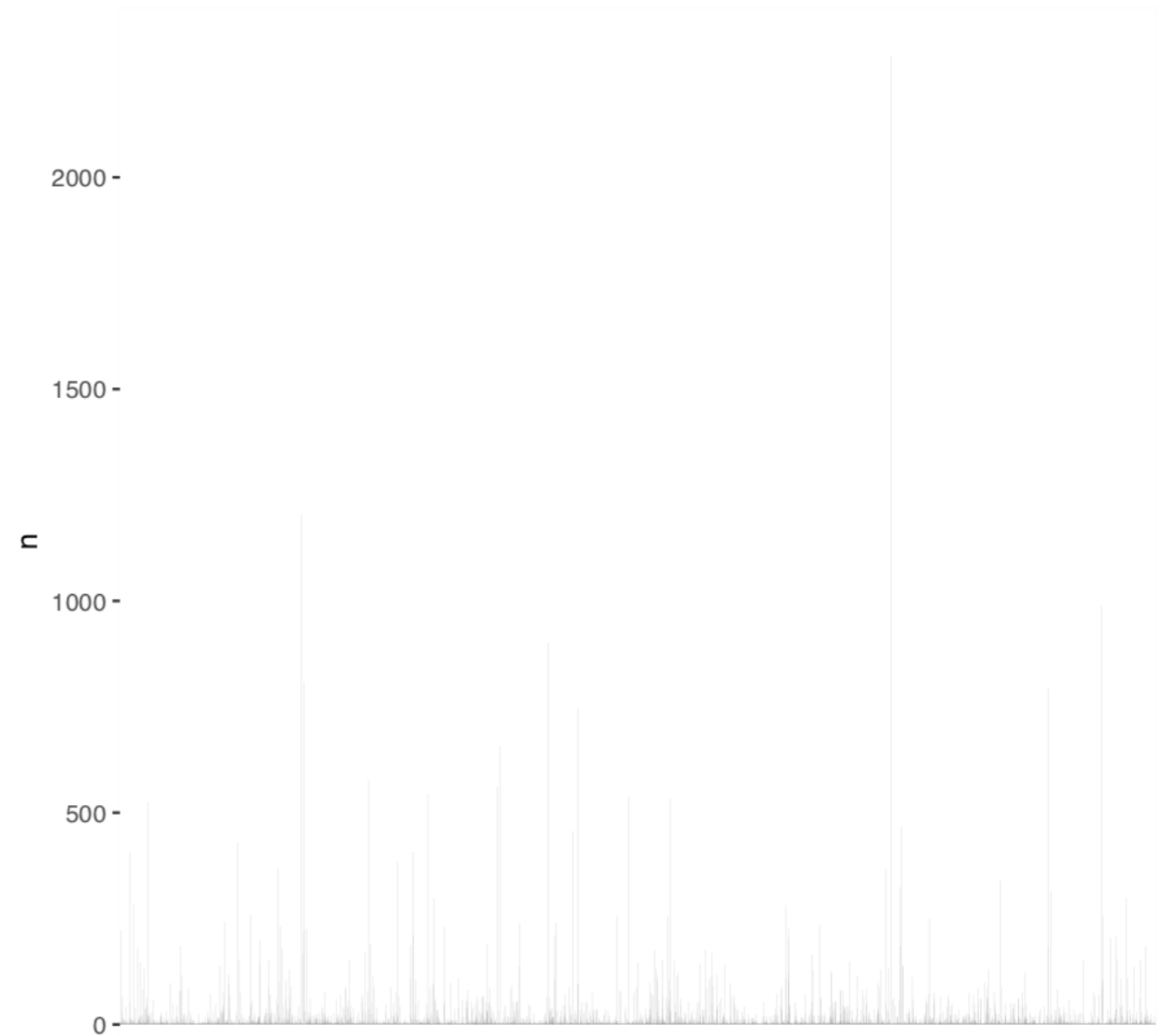
Starting with tidy text

```
tidy_review
```

```
# A tibble: 78,868 x 5
  id date      product      stars word
  <int> <chr>    <chr>      <dbl> <chr>
1     2 1/12/15 iRobot Roomba 650 for Pets     4 walk
2     2 1/12/15 iRobot Roomba 650 for Pets     4 rest
3     3 12/26/13 iRobot Roomba 650 for Pets     5 roomba
4     3 12/26/13 iRobot Roomba 650 for Pets     5 proof
5     3 12/26/13 iRobot Roomba 650 for Pets     5 house
# ... with 78,863 more rows
```

Visualizing counts with geom_col()

```
word_counts <- tidy_review %>%  
  count(word) %>%  
  arrange(desc(n))  
ggplot(  
  word_counts, aes(x = word, y = n)  
) +  
  geom_col()
```



filter() before visualizing

```
word_counts2 <- tidy_review %>%  
  count(word) %>%  
  filter(n > 300) %>%  
  arrange(desc(n))
```

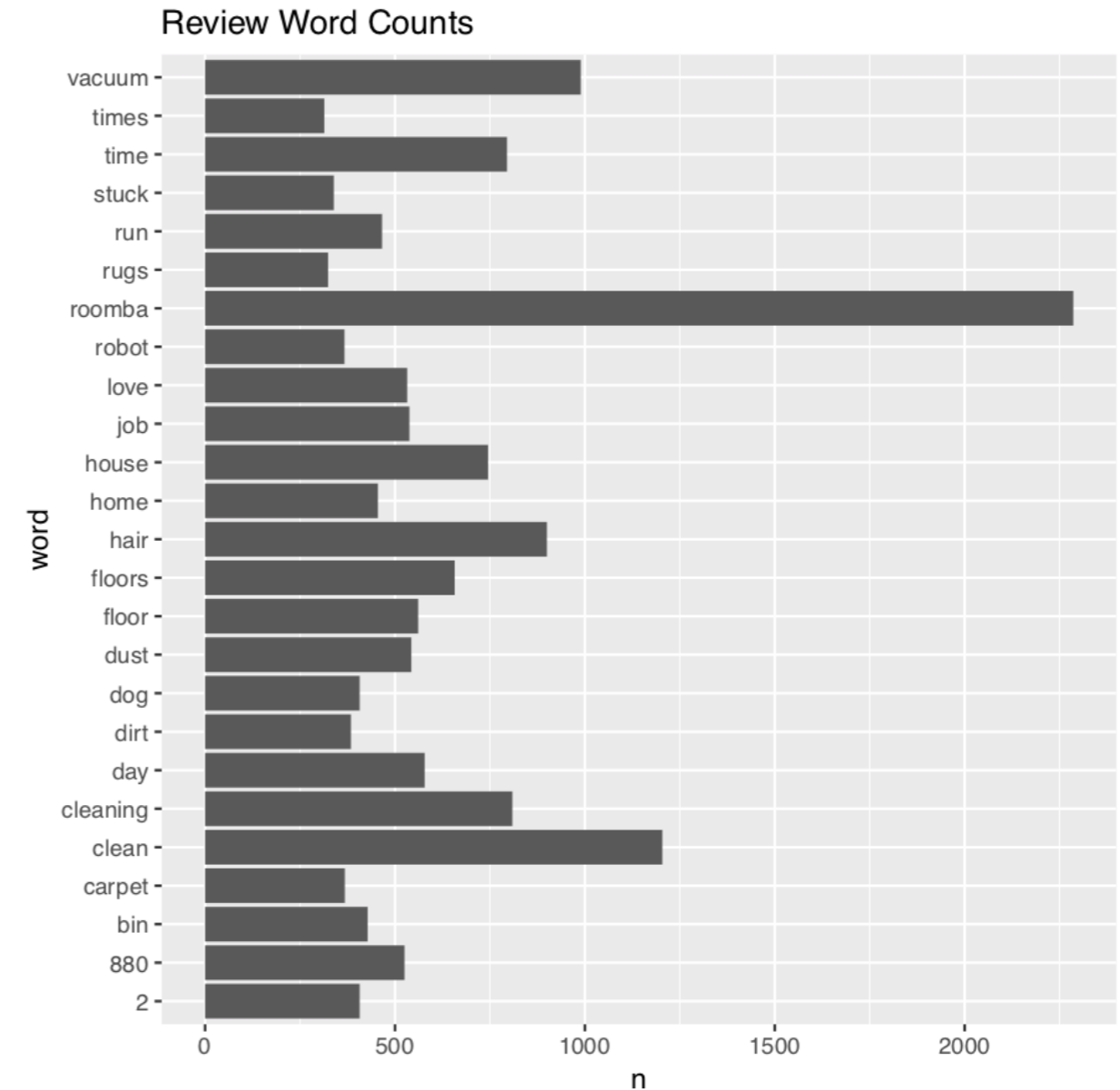
filter() before visualizing

```
word_counts2
```

```
# A tibble: 25 x 2
  word      n
  <chr> <int>
1 roomba  2286
2 clean  1204
3 vacuum  989
4 hair    900
5 cleaning 809
# ... with 15 more rows
```

Using coord_flip()

```
ggplot(  
  word_counts2, aes(x = word, y = n)  
) +  
  geom_col() +  
  coord_flip() +  
  ggtitle("Review Word Counts")
```



Let's practice!

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Improving word count plots

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Custom stop words

```
stop_words
```

```
# A tibble: 1,149 x 2
  word      lexicon
  <chr>    <chr>
1 a       SMART
2 a's    SMART
3 able   SMART
4 about  SMART
5 above  SMART
# ... with 1,144 more rows
```

Using tribble()

```
tribble(  
  ~word,    ~lexicon,  
  "roomba", "CUSTOM",  
  "2",      "CUSTOM"  
)
```

```
# A tibble: 2 x 2  
  word    lexicon  
  <chr>  <chr>  
1 roomba CUSTOM  
2 2      CUSTOM
```

Using `bind_rows()`

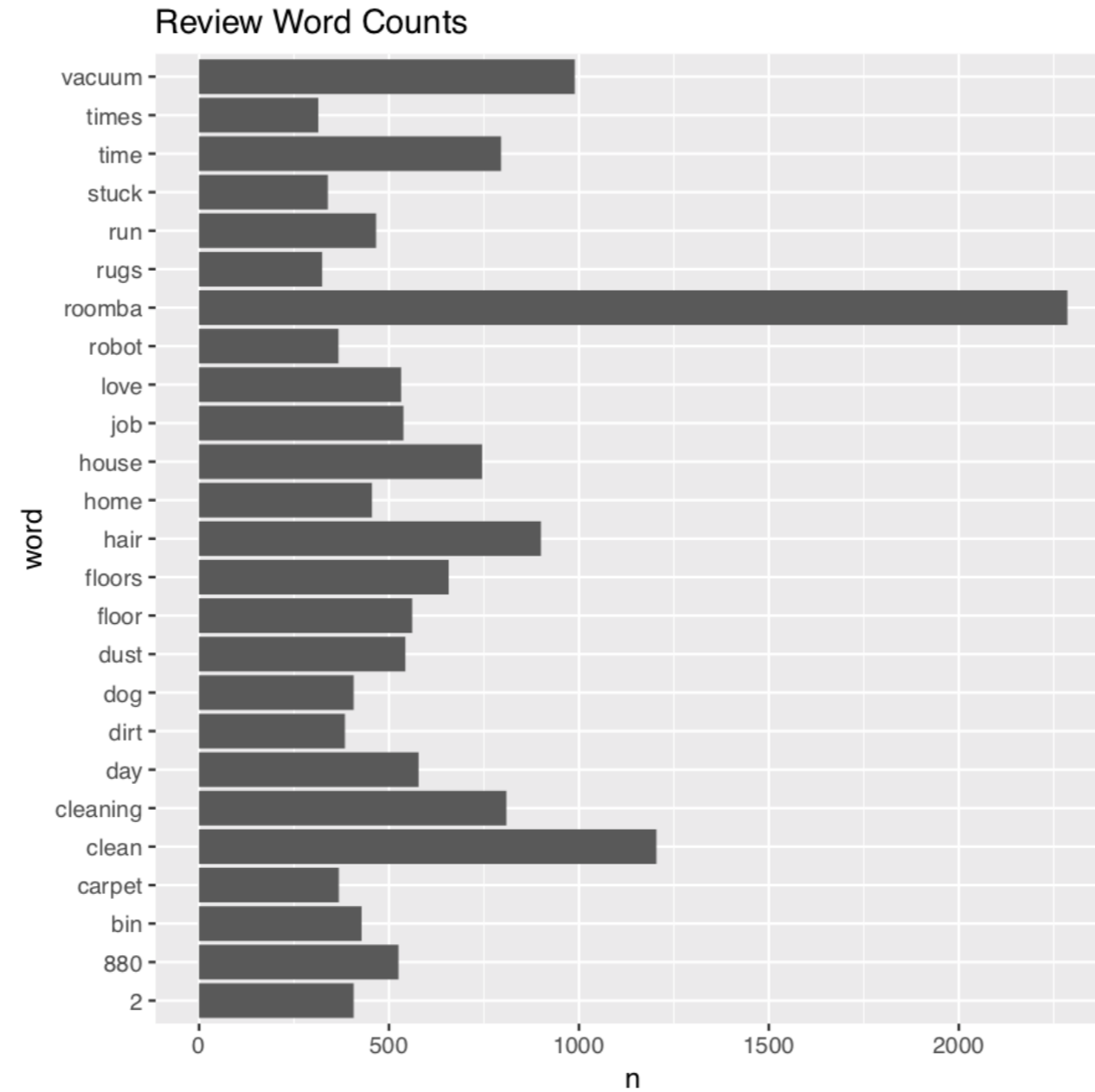
```
custom_stop_words <- tribble(  
  ~word,    ~lexicon,  
  "roomba", "CUSTOM",  
  "2",     "CUSTOM"  
)  
stop_words2 <- stop_words %>%  
  bind_rows(custom_stop_words)
```

Removing stop words again

```
tidy_review <- review_data %>%  
  mutate(id = row_number()) %>%  
  select(id, date, product, stars, review) %>%  
  unnest_tokens(word, review) %>%  
  anti_join(stop_words2)  
tidy_review %>%  
  filter(word == "roomba")
```

```
# A tibble: 0 x 5  
# .. with 5 variables: id <int>, date <chr>, product <chr>, stars <dbl>, word <chr>
```

Factors



Using `fct_reorder()`

```
word_counts <- tidy_review %>%  
  count(word) %>%  
  filter(n > 300) %>%  
  mutate(word2 = fct_reorder(word, n))
```

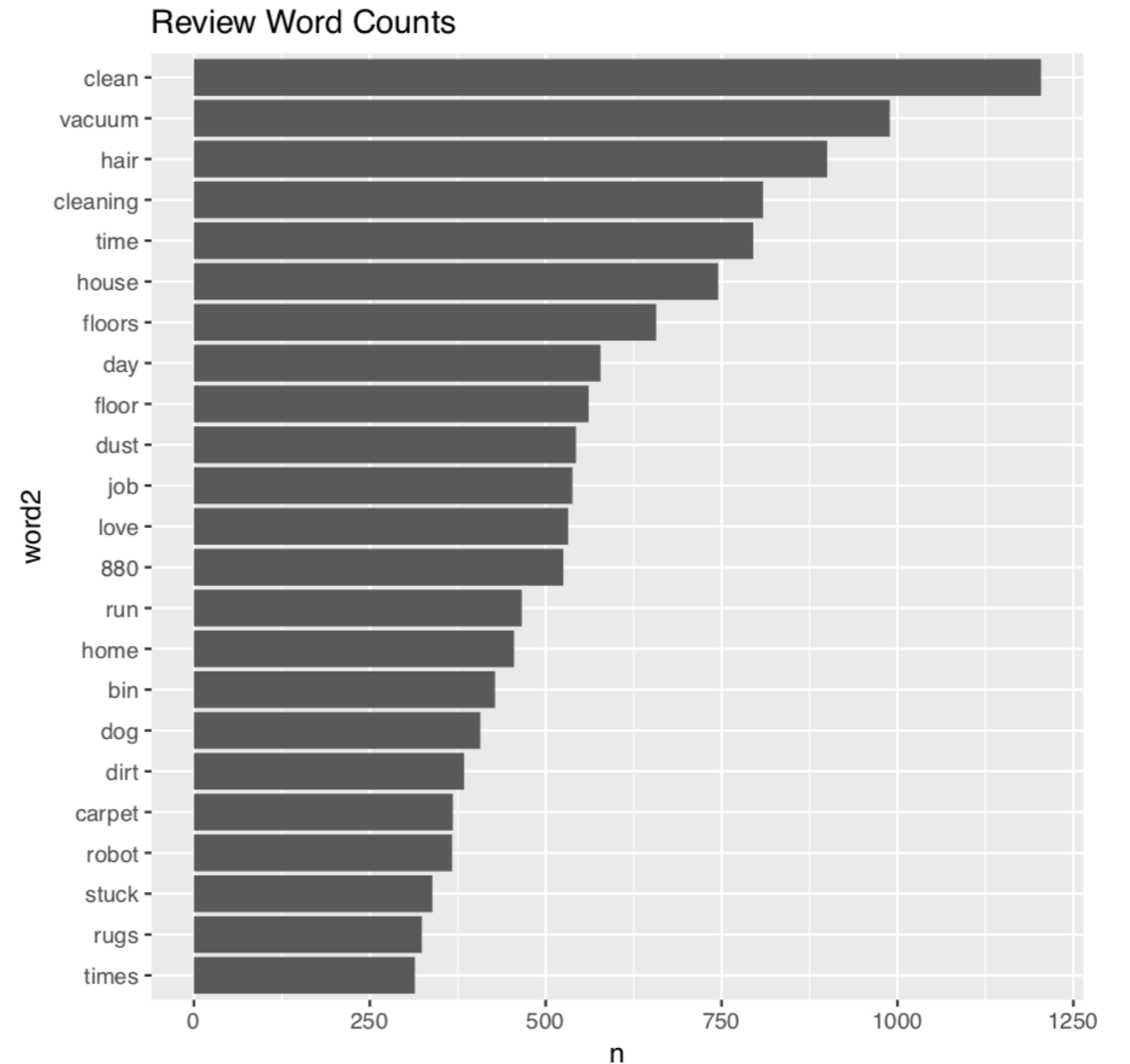
Using `fct_reorder()`

```
word_counts
```

```
# A tibble: 23 x 3
  word          n word2
  <chr>    <int> <fct>
1 880        525 880
2 bin        428 bin
# ... with 21 more rows
```


Arranging the bar plot

```
ggplot(  
  word_counts, aes(x = word2, y = n)  
) +  
  geom_col() +  
  coord_flip() +  
  ggtitle("Review Word Counts")
```



Let's practice!

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Faceting word count plots

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Counting by product

```
tidy_review %>%  
  count(word, product) %>%  
  arrange(desc(n))
```

```
# A tibble: 12,719 x 3  
  word      product      n  
  <chr>    <chr>    <int>  
1 clean  iRobot Roomba 880 for Pets and Allergies 815  
2 vacuum iRobot Roomba 880 for Pets and Allergies 678  
3 hair   iRobot Roomba 880 for Pets and Allergies 595  
# ... with 12,716 more rows
```

Using top_n()

```
tidy_review %>%  
  count(word, product) %>%  
  group_by(product) %>%  
  top_n(10, n)
```

```
# A tibble: 20 x 3  
# Groups:   product [2]  
  word      product      n  
  <chr>    <chr>    <int>  
1 650      iRobot Roomba 650 for Pets 108  
# ... with 19 more rows
```

Using ungroup()

```
tidy_review %>%  
  count(word, product) %>%  
  group_by(product) %>%  
  top_n(10, n) %>%  
  ungroup()
```

```
# A tibble: 10 x 3  
  word      product      n  
  <chr>    <chr>    <int>  
1 650      iRobot Roomba 650 for Pets 108  
# ... with 9 more rows
```

Using `fct_reorder()`

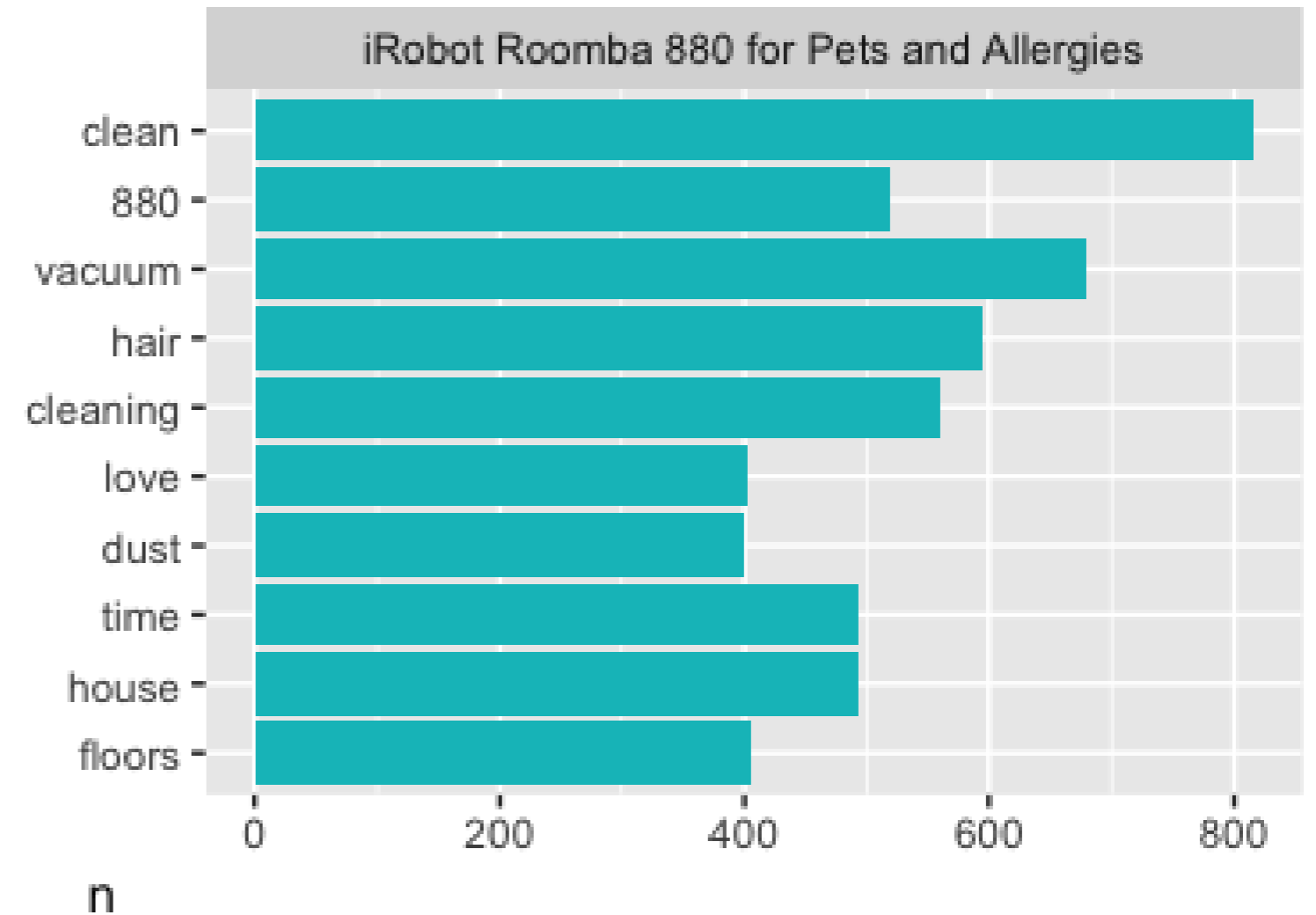
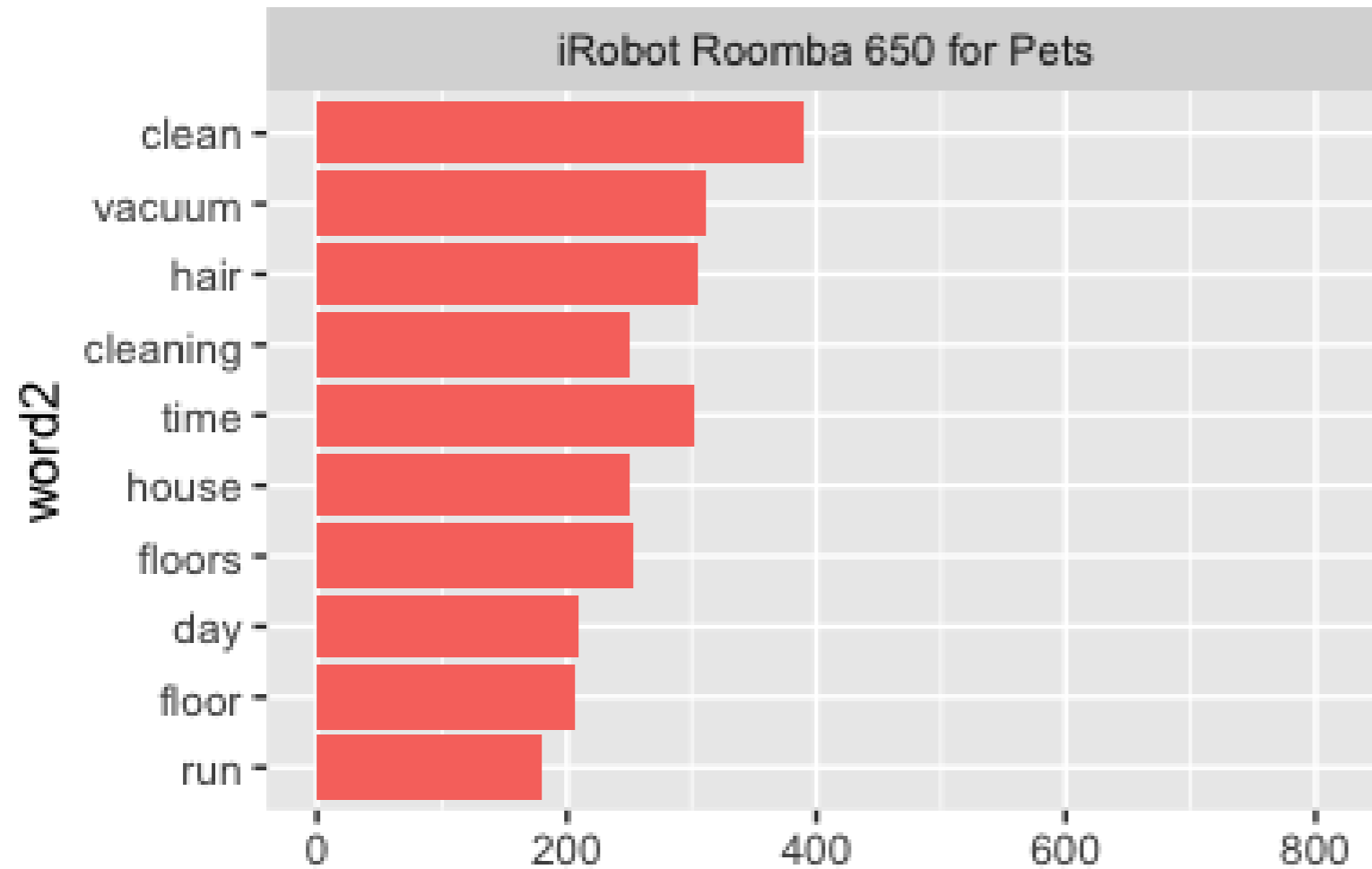
```
word_counts <- tidy_review %>%  
  count(word, product) %>%  
  group_by(product) %>%  
  top_n(10, n) %>%  
  ungroup() %>%  
  mutate(word2 = fct_reorder(word, n))
```

Using facet_wrap()

```
ggplot(word_counts, aes(x = word2, y = n, fill = product)) +  
  geom_col(show.legend = FALSE) +  
  facet_wrap(~ product, scales = "free_y") +  
  coord_flip() +  
  ggtitle("Review Word Counts")
```


Using facet_wrap()

Review Word Counts



Let's practice!

INTRODUCTION TO TEXT ANALYSIS IN R

Plotting word clouds

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Using wordcloud()

```
library(wordcloud)
word_counts <- tidy_review %>%
  count(word)
wordcloud(
  words = word_counts$word,
  freq = word_counts$n,
  max.words = 30
)
```



Fixed size and random start points

```
wordcloud(  
  words = word_counts$word,  
  freq = word_counts$n,  
  max.words = 30  
)
```



Number of words in the cloud

```
wordcloud(  
  words = word_counts$word,  
  freq = word_counts$n,  
  max.words = 70  
)
```



Using colors

```
wordcloud(  
  words = word_counts$word,  
  freq = word_counts$n,  
  max.words = 30,  
  colors = "blue"  
)
```



Let's practice!

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