Welcome to the course

JOINING DATA WITH DATA.TABLE IN R



Postdoctoral Researcher in Systems Genomics



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Joining data.tables

• Combine information from two data.tables into a single data.table

demographics:					
name	gender	age			
Trey	NA	54			
Matthew	м	43			
Angela	F	39			

shipping:						
name	address		name	gender	age	address
Trey	12 High street	_	Trey	NA	54	12 High street
Matthew	7 Mill road	-	Matthew	м	43	7 Mill road
Angela	33 Pacific boulevard		Angela	F	39	33 Pacific boulevard



Course overview

- Chapter 1: Joining data with merge()
- Chapter 2: Joins in the data.table workflow
- Chapter 3: Troubleshooting joins ${}^{\bullet}$
- Chapter 4: Concatenating and reshaping data.table s



Table keys

Columns that link information across two tables





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33 Pacific boulevard

7 Mill road

12 High street

address

Inspecting `data.tables` in your R session

The tables() function will show you all data.tables loaded in your R session

tables()

	NAME	NROW	NCOL	MB	COLS KEY
1: der	nographics	3	3	0	name,gender,age
2:	shipping	3	2	0	name,address
Total	: OMB				



Inspecting `data.tables` in your R session

The str() will show you the type of each column in a single data.table

str(demographics)

Classes 'da	ata.table' and 'data.frame':	3 obs. of	3 variables
\$ name :	chr "Trey" "Matthew" "Angela"		
\$ gender:	chr NA "M" "F"		
\$ age :	num 54 43 39		
- attr(*,	".internal.selfref")= <external< td=""><td>ptr></td><td></td></external<>	ptr>	





es:

Inspecting `data.tables` in your R session

demographics_all

	name	sex	age	
1:	Trey	NA	54	
2:	Matthew	М	43	
3:	Angela	F	39	
4:	Michelle	F	63	
5:	Mohamed	М	26	
102:	Patrick	М	27	
103:	Wei	F	41	
104:	Adam	М	33	
105:	Somchai	М	53	
106:	Alma	F	19	

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Let's practice!



The merge function JOINING DATA WITH DATA.TABLE IN R



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Joins

- Concept of joins come from database query languages (e.g. SQL).
- Four standard joins:
 - inner
 - full
 - left
 - right
- All four can be done using merge()



Inner join

Only keep observations that have information in both data.tables

merge(x = demographics, y = shipping,

by.x = "name", by.y = "name")



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r	age	address
	39	33 Pacific boulevard
	43	7 Mill road
	NA	12 High street

The by argument

Use by to avoid repeated typing of the same column name



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r	age	address
	39	33 Pacific boulevard
	43	7 Mill road
	NA	12 High street

Full join

Keep all observations that are in either data.table



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r	age	address
	NA	3a Union street
	39	33 Pacific boulevard
	43	7 Mill road
	63	NA
	NA	12 High street

Let's practice!



Left and right joins JOINING DATA WITH DATA.TABLE IN R



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Left joins

Add information from the right data.table to the left data.table

merge(x = demographics, y = shipping, by = "name", all.x = TRUE)

demographics: gender age name Trey NA 54 Matthew M 43

F

F

39

63

Angela

Michelle

ehinnina.	
snipping.	

name	address	name	gender	age	address
Matthew	7 Mill road	Angela	F	39	33 Pacific boulevard
Trey	12 High street	 Matthew	м	43	7 Mill road
Abdullah	3a Union street	Michelle	F	63	NA
Angela	33 Pacific boulevard	Trey	м	NA	12 High street

Right joins

Add information from the left data.table to the right data.table

merge(x = demographics, y = shipping, by = "name", all.y = TRUE)

demographics:

name	gender	age	
Trey	NA	54	
Matthew	м	43	
Angela	F	39	
Michelle	F	63	

1000	lines.	1 H H	1000	1000	H H	100	1000	
16 A S				F 1			67	
4778							S. A.	100
787	- 1		- 10	10 C -				
							- 1 -1	

ompping.						
name	address	-	name	gender	age	address
Matthew	7 Mill road		Abdullah	NA	NA	3a Union street
Trey	12 High street		Angela	F	39	33 Pacific boulevard
Abdullah	3a Union street		Matthew	м	43	7 Mill road
Angela	33 Pacific boulevard		Trey	м	NA	12 High street



Right joins - Left joins

```
# Right join
merge(x = demographics, y = shipping, by = "name", all.y = TRUE)
# Same as
```

```
merge(x = shipping, y = demographics, by = "name", all.x = TRUE)
```



Default values

- Default values for all, all.x and all.y are FALSE in the merge() function \bullet
- Look up function argument defaults using help("merge")





Exercise instructions

Left join shipping to demographics :

merge(demographics, shipping, by = "name", all.x = TRUE)

Right join shipping to demographics :

merge(demographics, shipping, by = "name", all.y = TRUE)



Let's practice!

