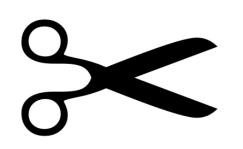
# Propagating Functionality with Inheritance

**OBJECT-ORIENTED PROGRAMMING WITH S3 AND R6 IN R** 



**Richie Cotton** Data Evangelist at DataCamp





		2
	Concession of the local division of the loca	
	Insertante.	
	Here's is the stary area. The minible. The minute.	
	The trachilemature. The round page in the square bulks. The sense who are things differently. They're not found of rules. And they have no respect to the	
	statute per care, now page save on respect to the statute que. You care quelte them, disapper with them, glority or elity, them, Along the only thing you car's de	
2	is ignore them. See more they change things. They push the function may be used for adult some may	
	new Herm an Her cruzy areas, set une peritor. Recause the people who are cruzy arrangle to think they can	
	charge the world, are the ones who do.	
	Talaccare. John Applement	



```
thing_factory <- R6Class(</pre>
  "Thing",
  private = list(
    a_field = "a value",
    another_field = 123
  ),
  public = list(
    do_something = function(x, y, z) {
      # do something here
    }
```

acamp



## the class you inherit from



the class that inherits fields and methods

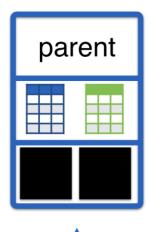


```
child_thing_factory <- R6Class(</pre>
  "ChildThing",
  inherit = thing_factory
  public = list(
    do_something_else = function() {
      # more functionality
    }
```







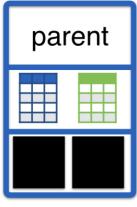


is a

• a fancy microwave is a microwave







is a



- a fancy microwave is a microwave
- not all microwaves are fancy microwaves



a_thing	<-	thing_	_factory\$new()
class(a_	_thi	ing)	

"Thing" "R6"

inherits(a\_thing, "Thing")

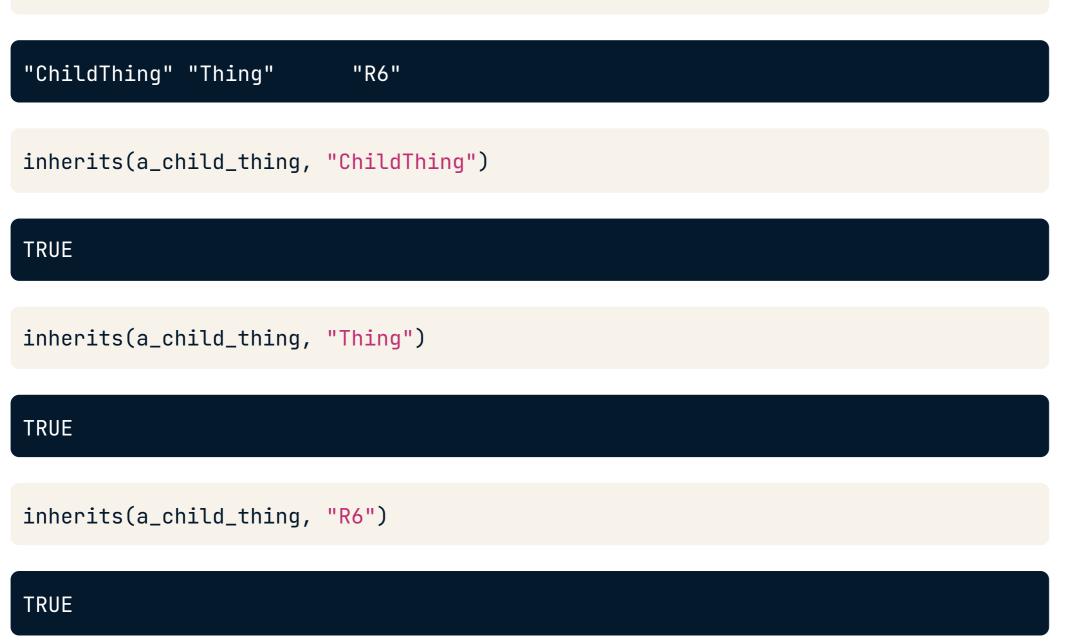
TRUE

inherits(a\_thing, "R6")

TRUE



```
a_child_thing <- child_thing_factory$new()</pre>
class(a_child_thing)
```





## Summary

- Propagate functionality using inheritance
- Use the inherit **arg** to R6Class()
- Children get their parent's functionality
- ... but the **converse is not true**



# Let's practice!



# Embrace, Extend, Override

## **OBJECT-ORIENTED PROGRAMMING WITH S3 AND R6 IN R**



**Richie Cotton** Data Evangelist at DataCamp





```
thing_factory <- R6Class(</pre>
  "Thing",
  public = list(
    do_something = function() {
      message("the parent do_something method")
    }
```



```
child_thing_factory <- R6Class(</pre>
  "ChildThing",
  inherit = thing_factory,
  public = list(
    do_something = function() {
      message("the child do_something method")
    },
    do_something_else = function() {
      message("the child do_something_else method")
    }
```



a\_child\_thing <- child\_thing\_factory\$new()</pre>

a\_child\_thing\$do\_something()

the child do\_something method



## private\$ accesses private fields

self\$ accesses public methods in self

super\$ accesses public methods in parent



```
child_thing_factory <- R6Class(</pre>
  "ChildThing",
  inherit = thing_factory,
  public = list(
    do_something = function() {
      message("the child do_something method")
    },
    do_something_else = function() {
      message("the child do_something_else method")
     self$do_something()
     super$do_something()
    }
```



a\_child\_thing <- child\_thing\_factory\$new()</pre>

a\_child\_thing\$do\_something\_else()

the child do\_something\_else method the child do\_something method the parent do\_something method



## Summary

- **Override** by giving the same name  $\bullet$
- **Extend** by giving a **new name**
- self\$ accesses public methods in self
- super\$ accesses public methods in parent



# Let's practice!



# Multiple Levels of Inheritance

**OBJECT-ORIENTED PROGRAMMING WITH S3 AND R6 IN R** 

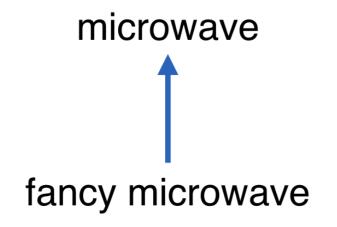


**Richie Cotton** Data Evangelist at DataCamp

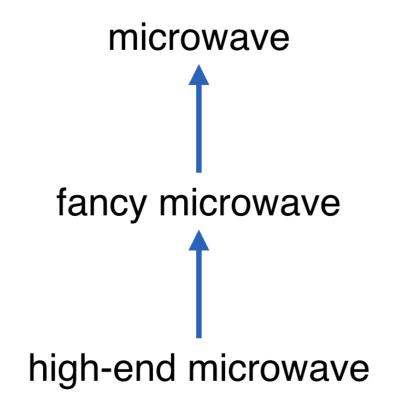














```
thing_factory <- R6Class(</pre>
  "Thing"
```

```
child_thing_factory <- R6Class(</pre>
  "ChildThing",
  inherit = thing_factory
```

```
grand_child_thing_factory <- R6Class(</pre>
  "GrandChildThing",
  inherit = child_thing_factory
```

acamp

```
thing_factory <- R6Class(</pre>
  "Thing",
  public = list(
    do_something = function() {
      message("the parent do_something method")
    }
```



```
child_thing_factory <- R6Class(</pre>
  "ChildThing",
  inherit = thing_factory,
  public = list(
    do_something = function() {
      message("the child do_something method")
    }
```



```
grand_child_thing_factory <- R6Class(</pre>
  "GrandChildThing",
  inherit = child_thing_factory,
  public = list(
    do_something = function() {
      message("the grand-child do_something method")
      super$do_something()
      super$super$do_something()
    }
```



a\_grand\_child\_thing <- grand\_child\_thing\_factory\$new() a\_grand\_child\_thing\$do\_something()

the grand-child do\_something method the child do\_something method Error in a\_grand\_child\_thing\$do\_something(): attempt to apply non-function



```
child_thing_factory <- R6Class(</pre>
  "ChildThing",
  inherit = thing_factory,
  public = list(
    do_something = function() {
      message("the child do_something method")
    }
 ),
  active = list(
    super_ = function() super
```

R datacamp

```
grand_child_thing_factory <- R6Class(</pre>
  "GrandChildThing",
  inherit = child_thing_factory,
  public = list(
    do_something = function() {
      message("the grand-child do_something method")
      super$do_something()
      super$super_$do_something()
    }
```



a\_grand\_child\_thing <- grand\_child\_thing\_factory\$new()</pre> a\_grand\_child\_thing\$do\_something()

the grand-child do\_something method the child do\_something method the parent do\_something method



## Summary

- R6 objects can only access their direct parent  $\bullet$
- Intermediate classes can expose their parent
- Use an **active binding** named super\_  $\bullet$
- super\_ should simply return super



# Let's practice!

