Grammar of Graphics intro

VISUALIZATION BEST PRACTICES IN R



Nick Strayer Instructor



What is this course?

What you will learn

How to make better visualizations by thinking deeply about the data at hand.



How you will learn it

- Overviews of different data types
- Standard visualizations
- Alternatives





Course layout

Chapter 1: Proportions of a whole



Chapter 3: Single distributions



Chapter 2: Point data



Chapter 4: Multiple(or conditional) distributions



Warning!



- Topics here are not as cut and dry as other programming topics
- Every rule will have exceptions
- An emphasis on thinking through each problem is given to help you deal with these cases when you get to them



Tools used

- R
- The 'Tidyverse'
- Ggplot2





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Data used

• Comes from the World Health Organization (WHO)

who_disease

| # A tibble: 43,262 x 6 | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|--|
| | region | countryCode | country | disease | year | cases | | |
| | <chr></chr> | <chr></chr> | <chr></chr> | <chr></chr> | <int></int> | <dbl></dbl> | | |
| 1 | EMR | AFG | Afghanistan | measles | 2016 | 638 | | |
| 2 | EUR | ALB | Albania | measles | 2016 | 17.0 | | |
| 3 | AFR | DZA | Algeria | measles | 2016 | 41.0 | | |
| 4 | EUR | AND | Andorra | measles | 2016 | 0 | | |
| 5 | AFR | AGO | Angola | measles | 2016 | 53.0 | | |
| 6 | AMR | ATG | Antigua and Barbuc | da measles | 2016 | 0 | | |
| 7 | AMR | ARG | Argentina | measles | 2016 | 0 | | |
| 8 | EUR | ARM | Armenia | measles | 2016 | 2.00 | | |
| # with 43,254 more rows | | | | | | | | |

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WHO disease data

```
# Filter to AMR region
amr_region <- who_disease %>%
  filter(region == 'AMR')
```

Map x to year and y to cases, color by disease ggplot(amr_region, aes(x = year, y = cases, color = disease)) + $geom_point(alpha = 0.5)$





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disease

| ۰ | diphtheria |
|---|------------|
| ٠ | measles |
| • | mumps |
| • | pertussis |
| • | polio |
| • | rubella |
| • | yfever |

Let's practice!



The pie chart and its friends

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What is a proportion?

- Parts making up a whole
- Often used to understand population







The pie chart

- Often the first technique people learn
- Also, the first technique people learn to \bullet dislike
- Dislike is not *entirely* warranted lacksquare



A sour pie

- Pie charts are not very precise Data encoded in angles 0
- Doesn't handle lots of classes well
 - After three slices it becomes hard to 0 compare







A sweet pie

• Intuitive and compact

```
who_disease %>%
mutate(
    region = ifelse(
        region %in% c('EUR', 'AFR'),
        region, 'Other')
) %>%
ggplot(aes(x = 1, fill = region)) +
    geom_bar(color = 'white') +
    coord_polar(theta = "y") +
    theme_void()
```

Proportion of observations by region.







The waffle chart

- More precise than pie charts
- Encode data in area, not angles

```
obs_by_region <- who_disease %>%
  group_by(region) %>% summarise(num_obs = n()) %>%
  mutate(percent = round(num_obs/sum(num_obs)*100))
```

Array of rounded percentages percent_by_region <- obs_by_region\$percent</pre> names(percent_by_region) <- obs_by_region\$region</pre>

Send array of percentages to waffle plot function waffle::waffle(percent_by_region, rows = 5)



The waffle chart

Proportion of observations by region.





| AFR |
|------|
| AMR |
| EMR |
| EUR |
| SEAR |
| WPR |

Let's practice!



When to use bars

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Why not use faceting?

• Almost impossible to compare



latacamp

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diphtheria

measles

mumps

pertussis

The stacked bar chart

- Allow each population to share the same y-axis
- Enables easier comparisons based on vertical position/size

```
who_disease %>%
 filter(region == 'SEAR') %>%
 ggplot(aes(x = countryCode, y = cases, fill = disease)) +
   geom_col(position = 'fill')
```





- diphtheria
- measles
- mumps
- pertussis
- rubella
- vfever

Caveats

- Worse in isolation than pie or waffle charts
- Accuracy degrades rapidly after 3 classes







Chapter recap

Proportions:

Pie charts:



Waffle charts:



Stacked bars:







Let's practice!

